SAFETY DATA SHEET

EFFECTIVE DATE: 12/02/15

ITEM: Traveler First Aid Kit

PART #   UPC
8128     039147001281

CONTENTS:
Antiseptic Towelette SDS
Aspirin SDS
First Aid Burn Cream SDS
Instant Cold Pack SDS
Motion Sickness Tablets SDS
Sting and Bite Pad SDS

SHIPPING INFORMATION
Consumer Commodity, ORM-D
UN3316
SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1. Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME: BZK Antiseptic Towelette
PRODUCT USE: Antiseptic

Product Code: 1303, 1331
Manufacturer's Name: Dynarex Corporation
Manufacturer's Address: 10 Glenshaw Street
Orangeburg, NY 10962
Emergency or Information Phone No.: 888-DYNAREX or 845-365-8200
At other times, contact the local Poison Control Center

SECTION 2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview
Contact with liquid may cause eye and skin irritation

Potential short term health effects
Eye, skin contact, skin absorption, Inhalation, Ingestion.

Routes of exposure
Eye: May cause irritation.
Skin: In case of skin irritation, discontinue use of the product.
Inhalation: Not a normal route of exposure. May cause respiratory tract irritation.
Ingestion: Not a normal route of exposure. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.
Target organs
Eyes. Skin

Chronic effects
Prolonged or repeated exposure can cause drying defatting and dermatitis.

Signs and symptoms
Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>CAS Number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BZK</td>
<td>8001-54-5</td>
<td>0.13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>7732-18-5</td>
<td>99.87</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4. First-aid measures

First aid procedures

Eye Contact
Flush with cool water. Remove contact lenses, if applicable, and continue flushing. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin Contact
In case of skin irritation, discontinue use of product.

Inhalation
Not a normal route of exposure. If symptoms develop move victim to fresh air. If symptoms persist, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion
Not a normal route of exposure. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth if victim is unconscious, or is convulsing. Obtain medical attention.
Notes to physician

Symptoms may be delayed.

General advice

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with eyes.

Flammable Limits: N/A

Flash Point: N/A

SECTION 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flash Point: Not Available
Flammable Limits: Not Available
Extinguishing Media: Any
Special Fire Fighting Procedures: None
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: None

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions: Keep unnecessary personnel away. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Methods for containment: Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

Methods for cleaning up: Pick up and discard towel.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

Handling: Use good industrial hygiene practices in handling this material.

Storage: Keep out of reach of children. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials.
SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering controls: General ventilation normally adequate.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/Face protection Follow standard industrial hygiene practices.
Hand protection Not required.
Skin and body protection As required by employer code.

Respiratory protection Where exposure guideline levels may be exceeded, use and approved NIOSH respirator.

General hygiene considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat or drink.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance/Odor: Liquid saturated on wipe
Color: Clear liquid
Form: Liquid saturated on wipe
Odor: Characteristic
Odor Threshold: Not available
Physical State: Solid
Boiling Point: <200°F
Paper Components: 100% Virgin Paper
Specific Gravity: 1

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.
Hazardous Decomposition Products: May include and are not limited to: oxides of carbon; hydrogen chloride.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid: Do not mix with other chemicals.

**SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

Effects of acute exposure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effect</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Eye</strong></td>
<td>May cause irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Skin</strong></td>
<td>In case of skin irritation, discontinue use of the product.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inhalation</strong></td>
<td>Not a normal route of exposure. May cause respiratory tract irritation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ingestion</strong></td>
<td>Not a normal route of exposure. May cause stomach distress, nausea or vomiting.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Sensitization** Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA criteria.

**Chronic Effects** Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA criteria.

**Carcinogenicity** Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA criteria.

**Mutagenicity** Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA criteria.

**Reproductive Effects** Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA criteria.

**Teratogenicity** Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA criteria.

**SECTION 12. Ecological information**

**Ecotoxicity** Not available

**Environmental effects** Not available

**Aquatic toxicity** Not available

**Persistence / degradability** Not available

**Bioaccumulation / accumulation** Not available
Partition coefficient Not available
Mobility in environmental media Not available
Chemical fate information Not available
Other adverse effects Not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

Waste codes: Not available
Disposal instructions: Discard after single use.
Review federal, state/provincial, and local government requirements prior to disposal.
Discard with solid waste. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Waste from residues / unused products: Not available
Contaminated packaging: Not available

SECTION 14. Transport information

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) Not regulated as dangerous goods.
Transportation of Dangerous Goods (TDG - Canada) Not regulated as dangerous goods.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

Canadian federal regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.
US Federal regulations This product is not known to be a “Hazardous Chemical” as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
29 CFR 1910.1200 hazardous No chemical

CERCLA (Superfund) reportable quantity
Benzene: 10.0000
Benzene, methyl-: 1000.0000
Benzene, (chloromethyl)-: 100.0000
Propylene oxide: 100.0000

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)
Hazard categories
Immediate Hazard - No
Delayed Hazard - No
Fire Hazard - No
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

Section 302 extremely hazardous substance No
Section 311 hazardous chemical No
Clean Air Act (CAA) Not available
Clean Water Act (CWA) Not available
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not available
Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA) Not available
Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Not available

State regulations WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

SECTION 16. Other information
Disclaimer:
This Safety Data Sheet, which takes into consideration the requirements of Directive 76/768/EC and subsequent amendments and Directive 1999/45/EC plus subsequent amendments, has been prepared in accordance with Directive (EC) 1907/2006. It is believed to be correct and corresponds to the latest scientific/technical knowledge but all data, instructions, recommendations and/or suggestions are made without guarantee. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and Dynarex Corp. assumes no legal responsibility or liability resulting from its use.
Applies to: Unit dose packets of two tablets each, packaged in the following box counts:
Stock #20-112, 12/box; Stock #20-155, 50/box; Stock #20-150, 100/box; Stock #20-125, 250/box; Stock #20-199, 500/box
Specification last updated: 8/29/05

Active Ingredients (in each tablet) . . . . . . . Purpose
Aspirin 325 mg . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Pain Reliever/Fever Reducer

Uses
For the temporary relief of pain from: • Headaches • Fever • Minor Pain

Warnings
ALLERGY ALERT: Aspirin sensitive patients, do not take this product if you have had a severe allergic reaction to Aspirin (e.g., asthma, swelling, shock or hives) or if you have stomach problems (such as heartburn, upset stomach or stomach pain) that persist or recur, or if you have gastric ulcers or bleeding problems.
REYE SYNDROME: Children and teenagers should not use this medicine for chicken pox or flu symptoms before a physician is consulted about Reye Syndrome, a rare but serious illness reported to be associated with Aspirin.
ALCOHOL WARNING: If you consume 3 or more alcoholic drinks every day, ask your doctor whether you should take Aspirin or other pain relievers/fever reducers. Aspirin may cause stomach bleeding.

DO NOT USE UNLESS DIRECTED BY YOUR PHYSICIAN IF:
• You are currently under a doctor's care or are taking prescription drugs
• You have previously had reactions to this or any other non-prescription pain reliever

WHEN USING THIS PRODUCT:
• Do not exceed recommended dosage unless under the advice of your physician, use the smallest effective dose. Do not use if the expiration date has passed.

STOP USING AND ASK A DOCTOR IF:
• Pain persists for more than 10 days for adults or 5 days for children
• Fever persists for more than three days
• Redness is present
• Ringing in the ears or hearing loss occurs
• An allergic reaction occurs
• Conditions worsen, or clear up and then recur

Keep this and all drug products out of the reach of children. In case of an accidental overdose, contact a physician or poison control center immediately. Prompt medical attention is critical for children as well as adults, even if you do not see any signs or symptoms. If you are pregnant or nursing a baby, as with any drug, contact a health professional before using this product. It is especially important not to use Aspirin during the last three months of pregnancy as it may cause problems with the unborn child or complications during delivery.

Directions:
Tamper evident packaging, do not use if the packet is opened or torn.
Adults: ....................................... 1 to 2 tablets every 4 hours as needed, do not exceed 12 tablets in 24 hours
Children under 12: ................................ Consult your doctor

Other information: Store at room temperature

Inactive Ingredients: May contain Cellulose, Croscarmellous Sodium, Hydroxypropyl
# Material Safety Data Sheet

**First Aid Burn Cream**

**MSDS No.:** 007  
**Revision No.:** 5  
**Effective Date:** 10/21/2014

## PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION – SECTION 1

| Manufacturer/Distributor | Water-Jel Technologies  
| 50 Broad Street  
| Carlstadt, NJ 07072  
| 201-507-8300  
| 800-275-3433 |

| Product Name: | First Aid Burn Cream |

| Synonyms: | Topical Cream, Burn Cream |

| Intended Use: | First aid to help prevent infection and for temporary relief of pain in minor cuts, scrapes, and burns. For external use only. |

## FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY, SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE, OR ACCIDENT:

In the continental U.S.: 800-275-3433  
For additional information: 201-507-8300

## COMPOSITION INFORMATION – SECTION 2

In accordance with 29 CFR § 1910.1200 (i) (1) the specific chemical identity of this product is being withheld as a trade secret.

| Chemical Name: | Cetyl Alcohol  
| Percent: | Proprietary  
| CAS Number: | 36653-82-4  
| Exposure Limits: | None Established |

| Chemical Name: | Germaben II  
| Percent: | Proprietary  
| CAS Number: | No information available.  
| Exposure Limits: | None Established |

| Chemical Name: | Glycerin  
| Percent: | Proprietary  
| CAS Number: | 56-81-5  

| Exposure Limits: | ACGIH TWA (Glycerin Mist):  
| | Total Dust: 15 mg/m³  
| | Respirable Fraction: 5 mg/m³ |
| OSHA PEL (Glycerin Mist):  
| | Total Dust: 10 mg/m³  
| | Respirable Fraction: 5 mg/m³ |

| Chemical Name: | Glyceryl Monostearate SE (Glyceryl Stearate)  
| Percent: | Proprietary  
| CAS Number: | 31566-31-3  

| Exposure Limits: | TWA (Stearates):  
| | 10 mg/m³ |
HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION – SECTION 3

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW & HAZARDS PRESENT TO MAN AND THE ENVIRONMENT

May cause irritation to eyes and may cause irritation of the digestive tract when ingested.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

Eye contact, Ingestion

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

Eyes: May cause irritation, characterized by a burning sensation, redness, tearing, inflammation, dryness, and possible other effects.

Skin: No adverse conditions expected.

Inhalation: Unlikely route of exposure.

Ingestion: May cause irritation of the digestive tract.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

No information available.

CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS:

Eyes: Flush eyes with clear running water for a minimum of fifteen (15) minutes while holding eyelids open; if irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Skin: No adverse conditions expected.

Inhalation: Unlikely route of exposure.

Ingestion: Rinse out mouth and drink lots of water. In case of unusual symptoms, seek medical attention and show physician the container details.
FIRST AID MEASURES – SECTION 4  

SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION FOR ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE.

FIRST AID MEASURES:

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eyes:</td>
<td>Flush immediately with large amounts of water. If redness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>or irritation persists, contact a physician.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin:</td>
<td>No adverse conditions expected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation:</td>
<td>Unlikely route of exposure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion:</td>
<td>Contact a physician immediately.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instructions for Physician:</td>
<td>Available date does not identify any conditions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES – SECTION 5

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Fire</th>
<th>Reactivity</th>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flash Point:</th>
<th>Method:</th>
<th>N/A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flammability Limits: (in air % by volume)</td>
<td>LEL: N/A</td>
<td>UEL: N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Autoignition Temperature:

N/A

Hazardous Combustion Products:

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide

Extinguishing Media:

Use extinguishing media appropriate for the surrounding fire. Use water spray, foam or dry chemical.

Prohibited Extinguishing Media:

In fires involving large quantities of this product, the use of large streams of water should be avoided.

Firefighting Instructions:

Use self-contained breathing apparatus when fighting fires that involve this material.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide may be generated.
# ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES – SECTION 6

**Environmental Precautions:**

No information available.

**Cleanup Methods:**

- **Small spills:** Spills should be collected with approved inert absorbent for disposal.
- **Large spills:** Spills should be collected with approved absorbent for disposal.

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# HANDLING & STORAGE – SECTION 7

**Handling:**

Keep this and other chemicals out of reach of children.

**Storage:**

Do not store or mix with strong acids or oxidizers.

**Specific Uses:**

First aid to help prevent infection and for temporary relief of pain in minor cuts, scrapes and burns. For external use only.

---

# EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION – SECTION 8

**EXPOSURE CONTROLS:**

**Exposure Limits Values:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>OSHA PEL:</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Stearates (Glyceryl Stearate)</td>
<td>Not Established</td>
<td>10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glycerin Mist (Glycerin)</td>
<td>Total Dust: 15 mg/m³</td>
<td>Total Dust: 10 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Respirable Fraction: 5 mg/m³</td>
<td>Respirable Fraction: 5 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Engineering Controls:**

Local Exhaust is recommended.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:**

**Respiratory Protection:**

None required under normal conditions.

**Hand Protection:**

None required under normal conditions.

**Eye/Face Protection:**

Eye protection, as necessary to prevent excessive contact.

**Skin Protection:**

None required under normal conditions.

**General Hygiene Considerations:**

Practice safe work habits. Use according to label instructions.
Other Protective Equipment:

Eye wash stations should be nearby and ready for use.

### PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES – SECTION 9

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PRODUCT:</th>
<th>First Aid Burn Cream</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

#### General Information:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>White homogeneous cream</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Slightly fatty odor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Important Health, Safety, and Environmental Information:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point</td>
<td>135°C 275°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point</td>
<td>60°C (140°F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Explosive Properties</td>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oxidizing Properties</td>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity</td>
<td>0.81</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Solubility</td>
<td>Miscible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition Coefficient</td>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density</td>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>0.07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Volatile</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### STABILITY & REACTIVITY – SECTION 10

#### Stability:

This material is stable under normal conditions.

#### Conditions to avoid:

Extreme heat

#### Materials to avoid:

Strong oxidants, Strong Acids

#### Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide
Hazardous Polymerization:
Will not occur.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION – SECTION 11

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Test</th>
<th>Route of Exposure</th>
<th>Effects</th>
<th>Species Observed</th>
<th>Dose Data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LD&lt;sub&gt;50&lt;/sub&gt; – (Cetyl Alcohol)</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>Death</td>
<td>Rodent - Rat</td>
<td>5 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD&lt;sub&gt;50&lt;/sub&gt; – (Glycerin)</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>Death</td>
<td>Rodent - Rat</td>
<td>12600 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD&lt;sub&gt;50&lt;/sub&gt; – (Glyceril Stearate)</td>
<td>Intraperitoneal</td>
<td>Death</td>
<td>Rodent - Mouse</td>
<td>200 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD&lt;sub&gt;50&lt;/sub&gt; – (Mineral Oil)</td>
<td>Oral</td>
<td>Death</td>
<td>Rodent - Mouse</td>
<td>22 gm/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD&lt;sub&gt;50&lt;/sub&gt; – (Stearic Acid)</td>
<td>Intravenous</td>
<td>Death</td>
<td>Rodent - Rat</td>
<td>21500 ug/kg</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION – SECTION 12

Ecotoxicity:
No information available.

Mobility:
No information available.

Persistence and Degradability:
No information available.

Bio accumulative Potential:
No information available.

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION – SECTION 13
Dispose of in accordance with Local, State, and Federal regulations.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION – SECTION 14

DOT CLASSIFICATION:
UN Number: Not Regulated for Domestic Transport.
Class: Not Regulated for Domestic Transport.
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

First Aid Burn Cream

**Proper Shipping Name:** Not regulated for Domestic Transport.

**Packing Group:**

**Marine Pollutant:**

**Other Information:**

**IATA CLASSIFICATION:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Un Number:</th>
<th>Class:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Proper Shipping Name:** Not Regulated for International Air Transport.

**Packing Group:**

**Marine Pollutant:**

**Other Information:**

**IMDG CLASSIFICATION:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Un Number:</th>
<th>Class:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Proper Shipping Name:** Not Regulated for International Water Transport.

**Packing Group:**

**Marine Pollutant:**

**Other Information:**

**REGULATORY INFORMATION – SECTION 15**

**US REGULATIONS**

**ACGIH**

TWA (Glycerin Mist):
- Total Dust: 15 mg/m³
- Respirable Fraction: 5 mg/m³

TWA (Stearates):
- 10 mg/m³

**CAA Section 112**

Not Listed

**CERCLA**

Not Listed

**IARC**

Not Listed

**NTP**

Not Listed

**OSHA**

OSHA PEL (Glycerin Mist):
- Total Dust: 10 mg/m³
- Respirable Fraction: 5 mg/m³

**SARA Title III**

Not Listed
**First Aid Burn Cream**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TSCA</th>
<th>Not Listed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>STATE REGULATIONS</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA substance List</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NJ RTK Hazardous Substance List</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PA Hazardous Substance List</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canadian WHMIS</td>
<td>Not Listed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither Water-Jel Technologies, nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.
**Safety Data Sheet**

### SECTION 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Name:</th>
<th>Instant Cold Packs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Product Use:</td>
<td>An economical, one time use disposable product that promotes faster healing for the treatment of bruises, cuts, lacerations, sprains, minor burns, sinus &amp; tension headaches, insect bites and toothaches.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Product Codes:</td>
<td>4511-4512-4515</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Responsible Party:</td>
<td>Dynarex Corporation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10 Glenshaw Street</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Orangeburg, NY 10962</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency or Information Phone No.:</td>
<td>(888)-DYNAREX or 845-365-8200 (Mon – Fri).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>At other times, contact the local Poison Control Center.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

**Emergency Telephone Numbers:**
- Local Emergency Center

**Health Hazards:** Dry chemical of cold pack is an eye and skin irritant. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Physical Hazards:** Dry chemical is an oxidizer. Oxidizers can support combustion. Contact may increase flammability of other materials. Avoid contact with clothing and other combustible material.

- Physical Form: Solid/Liquid
- Appearance: White solid in water bag
- Odor: None

### NFPA HAZARD CLASS:
- Health: 1 (Slight)
- Flammability: 0 (Least)
- Reactivity: 3 (High)
- Other: OXY (Oxidizer)
SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS
Keep out of reach of children. (S2)

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF ENTRY
Eye and Skin, if liquid escapes from sealed container. No hazard expected with intact product.

EYES
Liquid content may cause irritation to the eyes; R36. Avoid contact with eyes; S25

SKIN
Liquid content may be irritating to skin; R38.

INGESTION
Harmful if swallowed; R22.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE
In case of accidental overdose, contact a Physician or Poison Control Center.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS</th>
<th>% Weight</th>
<th>EXPOSURE GUIDELINE</th>
<th>Limits</th>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ammonium Nitrate</td>
<td>40-70</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not Established</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS# 6484-52-2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OTHER COMPONENTS</th>
<th>% Weight</th>
<th>EXPOSURE GUIDELINE</th>
<th>Limits</th>
<th>Agency</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>30-60</td>
<td></td>
<td>Not Established</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CAS# 7732-18-5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an Industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye: Move victim away from exposure and into fresh air. If irritation or redness develops, flush eyes with clean water and seek immediate medical attention. For direct contact, immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the affected eye(s) with clean water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention.

Skin: Remove contaminated shoes and clothing, and flush affected area(s) with large amounts of water. If skin surface is damaged, apply a clean dressing and seek medical attention. If skin surface is not damaged, cleanse affected
area(s) thoroughly by washing with mild soap or water. If irritation or redness develops, seek medical attention.

**Inhalation (Breathing):** If respiratory symptoms or other symptoms of exposure develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention. If victim is not breathing, clear airway and immediately begin artificial respiration. If breathing difficulties develop, oxygen should be administered by qualified personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Ingestion (Swallowing):** If swallowed, seek emergency medical attention. If victim is drowsy or unconscious and vomiting, place on left side with the head down and do not give anything by mouth. If victim is conscious and alert and ingestion occurred within the last hour, vomiting should be induced for ingestion of large amounts (more than 5 ounces in an adult) under direction from a physician or poison center. If possible, do not leave victim unattended and observe closely for adequacy of breathing.

**Note to Physicians:** Nitrates in large doses may cause significant vasodilation and hypotension. Pre-existing ischemic heart disease may be aggravated by these effects. In large ingestions nitrates may cause methemoglobinemia. Methemoglobinemia should be suspected if cyanosis occurs. Methylene blue (1-2 mg/kg I.V. over several minutes) is an effective antidote for symptomatic methemoglobinemia.

---

**SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**Flammable Properties:**
- Flash Point: None
- OSHA Flammability Class: Not applicable
- LEL/UEL: No data
- Autoignition Temperature: No data

**Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards:** Oxidizer. The dry chemical of this material is an oxidizer and may increase inflammability of any combustible substance. It is the nature of oxidizers to provide their own oxygen source; smothering a fire may be ineffective. Nitrate salts support combustion under certain conditions. Ammonium nitrate is capable of detonation if heated under confinement or if subjected to strong shocks. Organic or other easily oxidizable matter can sensitize it to a more readily explodable state. Do not allow product to evaporate to dryness, especially in contact with combustible materials.

**Extinguishing Media:** Use water only. Do not use dry chemical, carbon dioxide or foam.

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** For fires beyond the incipient stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear bunker gear. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, or when explicitly required by DOT, a self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (see Section 8). Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done with minimal risk. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done with minimal risk. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done with minimal risk.

---

**SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

The dry chemical of this material is an oxidizer. Keep all sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces away from spill/release. The use of explosion-proof equipment is recommended.
Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Notify person down wind of spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant (see Section 8). Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized treatment drainage systems, and natural waterways. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Spilled material may be absorbed into an appropriate absorbent material. Notify appropriate federal, state, and local agencies. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Do not enter confined spaces such as tanks or pits without following proper entry procedures such as ASTM D-4276 and 29CFR 1910.146. The use of appropriate respiratory protection is advised when concentrations exceed any established exposure limits (see Section 2 and 8). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Use good personal hygiene practice.

“Empty” containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. Container should be disposed in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

Before working on or in tanks which contain or have contained this material, refer to OSHA Regulations, ANSI Z49.1 and other governmental and industrial references pertaining to cleaning, welding, or other contemplated operations.

Storage: Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat and all sources of ignition. Post area “No Smoking or Open Flame.” Solution is corrosive to copper, copper alloys, lead, and zinc. Store to avoid contact with incompatible materials such as ordinary combustibles, flammable liquids, greases, and those materials, including other oxidizers, that could react with the oxidizer or catalyze its decomposition (see Section 10). Prohibit accumulation of combustible waste in storage areas. Combustible construction materials that may be in contact with oxidizers shall be protected with a compatible coating to prevent impregnation of the combustible materials by the oxidizers. Protect container(s) against physical damage.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering controls: If current ventilation practices are not adequate to minimize exposure, additional ventilation or exhaust systems may be required.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Respiratory: A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with a N95 filter may be used under conditions where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits (see Section 2). Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited (see manufacturer’s respirator selection guide). Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA’s 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator’s use.

Skin: The use of gloves impermeable to the specific material handled is advised to prevent skin contact, possible irritation, absorption, and skin damage (see glove manufacturer literature for information.
on permeability). Depending on conditions of use, apron and/or arm covers may be necessary.

**Eye/Face:** Approved eye protection to safeguard against potential eye contact, irritation, or injury is recommended. Depending on conditions of use, a face shield may be necessary.

**Other Protective Equipment:** A source of clean water should be available in the work area for flushing eyes and skin. Impervious clothing should be worn as needed.

### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Unless otherwise stated, values are determined at 20 °C (68 °F) and 760 mm Hg (1 atm).

- **Flash Point:** None
- **Flammable/Explosive Limits (%):** LEL/UEL: No data
- **Autoignition Temperature:** No data
- **Appearance:** White solid in water bag
- **Physical State:** solid/Liquid
- **Odor:** None
- **pH:** No data
- **Vapor Pressure (mm Hg):** No data
- **Boiling Point:** No data
- **Freezing/Melting Point:** No data
- **Solubility in Water:** 100%
- **Specific Gravity:** approx 1.3
- **Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1):** No data

### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical Stability:** Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling. Dry chemical is an oxidizer and may promote combustion in other materials.

**Conditions To Avoid:** This material may be an oxidizer. Do not heat above 250 °F. Do not let dry chemical or solution dry or crystallize in contact with organic, reactive, or combustible materials (see Sections 7).

**Incompatible Materials:** Avoid contact with reactive, combustible, or organic materials, such as wood, grain, organic chemicals, acids, corrosive liquids, sulfur, flammable liquids, chlorates, permanganates, finely divided materials, charcoal, coke, cork, or sawdust. Avoid contact with other oxidizers. Contact with alkaline materials may liberate ammonia.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Material will not burn, but if involved in a fire, oxides of nitrogen may be generated. Exposure to heat may liberate ammonia fumes.

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Will not occur.

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No definitive information available on carcinogenicity, mutagenicity, target organs or developmental toxicity.
SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Not determined.
CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION
Not determined.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

This material, if discarded as produced, may be a RCRA “characteristic” hazardous waste due to the characteristic(s) of ignitability (D001). If the material is spilled to soil or water, characteristic testing of the contaminated materials is recommended. To assure proper disposal, consult with state and local regulations and disposal authorities.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: DOT CONSUMER COMMODITY
CLASS/DIVISION: ORM-D
PACKING GROUP: Not Applicable
LABELS: ORM-D
UN/ID#: NONE

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: IATA AMMONIUM NITRATE
CLASS DIVISION: 5.1
PACKING GROUP: III
LABELS: OXIDIZER
UN/ID#: UN1942

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: IMO AMMONIUM NITRATE, LIMITED QUANTITY
CLASS/DIVISION: 5.1
PACKING GROUP: III
LABELS: Not required, however, the words “LIMITED QUANTITY” should be marked on the unitized package.
UN/ID#: UN1942

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 and 40 CFR 372.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMPONENT</th>
<th>CAS NUMBER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ammonia (includes anhydrous ammonia and aqueous ammonia from water dissociable ammonium salts and other sources; 10 percent of total aqueous ammonia is reportable under this listing)</td>
<td>7446-41-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Water dissociable nitrate compounds

**Warning:** This material contains the following chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and are subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5)

---None Known---

This material has not been identified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA.

**EPA (CERCLA) Reportable Quantity:** --None--

### SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**Disclaimer:**
This Safety Data Sheet, which takes into consideration the requirements of Directive 76/768/EC and subsequent amendments and Directive 1999/45/EC plus subsequent amendments, has been prepared in accordance with Directive (EC) 1907/2006. It is believed to be correct and corresponds to the latest scientific/technical knowledge but all data, instructions, recommendations and/or suggestions are made without guarantee. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and Dynarex Corp. assumes no legal responsibility or liability resulting from its use.
**Drug Facts**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Active ingredient (in each tablet)</th>
<th>Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dimenhydrinate 50 mg.</td>
<td>Antiemetic</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Uses**

- for prevention and treatment of these symptoms associated with motion sickness:
  - nausea
  - vomiting
  - dizziness

**Warnings**

**Do not use** for children under 2 years of age unless directed by a doctor.

**Ask a doctor before use if you have**

- a breathing problem such as emphysema or chronic bronchitis
- glaucoma
- trouble urinating due to an enlarged prostate gland

**Ask a doctor or pharmacist before use if you are** taking sedatives or tranquilizers

**Directions**

- to prevent motion sickness, the first dose should be taken 1/2 to 1 hour before starting activity
- to prevent or treat motion sickness, see below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Adults and children: (12 years and older)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Take 1 to 2 tablets every 4-6 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not take more than 8 tablets in 24 hours, or as directed by a doctor.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Children 6 to under 12 years:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Give 1/2 to 1 tablet every 6-8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not give more than 3 tablets in 24 hours, or as directed by a doctor.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Children 2 to under 6 years:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Give 1/2 tablet every 6-8 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do not give more than 1-1/2 tablets in 24 hours, or as directed by a doctor.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Other information**

- store between 20-25°C (68-77°F)
- see side panel for lot number and expiration date

**Inactive ingredients**

croscarmellose sodium, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, dicalcium phosphate

---

Distributed by Acme United Corporation, Fairfield, CT 06824
1-800-835-2263 www.PhysiciansCareFirstAid.com

Retain carton for complete product information
SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : Medicaine® Sting and Bite Relief

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : OTC drug used as a topical analgesic
Use of the substance/mixture : For professional use only

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

James Alexander Corporation
845 Route 94 Blairstown
NJ 07825

Tel: (908) 362-9266

Note: The CHEMTREC emergency number is to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident involving chemicals. All non-emergency questions should be directed to JAC at (908) 362-9266.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Chemtrec (800) 424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification
Flam. Liq. 2 H225
Eye Irrit. 2A H319
STOT SE 3 H335
STOT SE 3 H336

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger
Hazard statements (GHS-US)
H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statements (GHS-US)
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking
P233 - Keep container tightly closed
P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge
P260 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves
P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P312 - Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: get medical advice/attention
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide for extinction
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, national and international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards
No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)
No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance
Not applicable
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Product identifier</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>GHS-US classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Polyethylene glycol</td>
<td>(CAS No) 25322-68-3</td>
<td>50 - 55</td>
<td>STOT SE 3, H335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>L-Menthol</td>
<td>(CAS No) 2216-51-5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315,  Eye Irrit. 2A, H319</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, give artificial respiration. In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen by trained personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.
First-aid measures after skin contact: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Do not rub the skin and eyes after direct contact with the product. Seek medical attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
First-aid measures after eye contact: In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion: Contact a Poison Control Center immediately. Give no more than 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by giving 30 cc (2 tablespoons) of syrup of ipecac. If victim is a child, give no more than 1 glass of water and 15cc (1 tablespoon) syrup of ipecac. If syrup of ipecac is unavailable, give 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching finger to back of victim’s throat. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Get immediate medical attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion: Irritating to the gastrointestinal tract. May cause abdominal pain and vomiting (sometimes bloody). Ingestion may cause central nervous system depression, low blood pressure, rapid heart beat and liver damage. Early to moderate central nervous system depression may be evidenced by giddiness, headache, dizziness and nausea. In extreme cases, unconsciousness, respiratory depression and death may occur. Liver damage may be evidenced by loss of appetite, jaundice (yellowish skin color) and sometimes pain in the upper abdomen on the right side.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Individuals with pre-existing skin disorders, eye problems, or impaired respiratory function may be more susceptible to the effects of overexposure.
### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use a heavy water stream. |

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

| Fire hazard | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
| Explosion hazard | May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. |
| Reactivity | Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapours. Reacts violently with acids. An exothermic reaction may occur. |

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

**Firefighting instructions:** Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering the environment.

**Protective equipment for firefighters:** Containers may swell and burst during a fire due to internal pressure caused by heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapours. Alcohols burn with a pale blue flame which may be extremely hard to see under normal lighting conditions. Personnel may be able to feel the heat of the fire without seeing flames. Extreme caution must be exercised in fighting alcohol fires.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**General measures:** Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No naked lights. No smoking. Stop leak if safe to do so. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Wear protective clothing. For further information refer to section 8: Exposure-controls/personal protection.

**6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel**

**Emergency procedures:** Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

**6.1.2. For emergency responders**

**Protective equipment:** Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

**Emergency procedures:** Ventilate area.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up:** Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Additional hazards when processed:** Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

**Precautions for safe handling:** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Personal protective equipment should be selected based upon the conditions under which this product is handled or used. Use personal protective equipment as required. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapour or spray. No naked lights. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Never use pressure to empty container. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take care to allow internal pressure to escape from container before releasing closures. Remove closure carefully; internal pressure may be present. Keep closure up to prevent leakage. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

**Hygiene measures:** Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures: Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present. Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool well ventilated place. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect containers against physical damage. Detached outside storage is preferable. Inside storage should be in an NFPA approved flammable liquids storage room or cabinet. Store in corrosion-proof area at temperatures below 77 °F (25 °C). Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources.

Incompatible materials: Avoid mixing with acids, most common metals, strong oxidizing agents, brass, zinc, chlorine, aluminum, copper, bronze, mercury, dimethyl sulfate and acetyl chloride.

Storage temperature: < 25 °C Store at temperatures below 77 °F (25 °C)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)</th>
<th>USA ACGIH</th>
<th>ACGIH TWA (ppm)</th>
<th>200 ppm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USA ACGIH</td>
<td>ACGIH STEL (ppm)</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA OSHA</td>
<td>OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)</td>
<td>980 mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA OSHA</td>
<td>OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)</td>
<td>400 ppm</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.

Personal protective equipment: Avoid all unnecessary exposure. A hazard assessment of the work area for PPE requirements should be conducted by a qualified professional pursuant to OSHA regulations. For certain operations, additional Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) may be required. Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing.

Hand protection: Wear protective gloves, rubber gloves. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Eye protection: Chemical goggles or face shield.

Skin and body protection: Wear suitable protective clothing. Chemical resistant safety shoes.

Respiratory protection: Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Suggestions provided in this section for exposure control and specific types of protective equipment are based on readily available information. Users should consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm the performance of their protective equipment. Specific situations may require consultation with industrial hygiene, safety, or engineering professionals. Care must be taken to assure that any respirator chosen is capable of protecting the user from both ammonia and ethyl alcohol vapors.

Other information: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical state</th>
<th>Liquid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Clear.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Green.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Odor of isopropyl alcohol, residual odor of menthol.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Odour threshold : No data available
pH : 8.5
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available
Melting point : No data available
Freezing point : No data available
Boiling point : > 35 °C (>95 °F)
Flash point : 16.6 °C (62 °F)
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available
Vapour pressure : No data available
Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : 1.029 (Specific Gravity @ 25 °C)
Solubility : Soluble in water.
Log Pow : No data available
Log Kow : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available
Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidising properties : No data available
Explosive limits : No data available

9.2. Other information
No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity
Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapours. Reacts violently with acids. An exothermic reaction may occur.

10.2. Chemical stability
Not established.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid
Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials
Avoid mixing with acids, most common metals, strong oxidizing agents, brass, zinc, chlorine, aluminum, copper, bronze, mercury, dimethyl sulfate and acetyl chloride.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects
Acute toxicity : Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LD50 oral rat</td>
<td>4396 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD50 dermal rabbit</td>
<td>12800 mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)</td>
<td>16000 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATE CLP (oral)</td>
<td>4396.000 mg/kg bodyweight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATE CLP (dermal)</td>
<td>12800.000 mg/kg bodyweight</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Medicaine® Sting and Bite Relief
Safety Data Sheet
according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>L-Menthol (2216-51-5)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LD₅₀ oral rat</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ATE CLP (oral)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Polyethylene glycol (25322-68-3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LD₅₀ dermal rabbit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

pH: 8.5

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

pH: 8.5

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Carcinogenicity : Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

| IARC group | 3 - Not classifiable |
|-------------|

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Irritating to the gastrointestinal tract. May cause abdominal pain and vomiting (sometimes bloody). Ingestion may cause central nervous system depression, low blood pressure, rapid heart beat and liver damage. Early to moderate central nervous system depression may be evidenced by giddiness, headache, dizziness and nausea. In extreme cases, unconsciousness, respiratory depression and death may occur. Liver damage may be evidenced by loss of appetite, jaundice (yellowish skin color) and sometimes pain in the upper abdomen on the right side.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

**Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)**

| LC₅₀ fishes 1 | 9640 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) |
|---------------|
| EC₅₀ Daphnia 1 | 13299 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) |
| LC₅₀ fish 2   | 11130 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static]) |

**L-Menthol (2216-51-5)**

| LC₅₀ fishes 1 | 18.9 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through]) |
|---------------|

12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Medicaine® Sting and Bite Relief**

Persistence and degradability : Not established.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Medicaine® Sting and Bite Relief

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bioaccumulative potential</th>
<th>Not established.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

| Log Pow | 0.05 (at 25 °C) |

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not re-use empty containers. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal.

Additional information: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

Ecology - waste materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description: UN1993 Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (contains isopropanol), 3, II

UN-No. (DOT): 1993

DOT NA no.: UN1993

DOT Proper Shipping Name: Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (contains isopropanol)

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Hazard labels (DOT): 3 - Flammable liquid

DOT Symbols: G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

Packing group (DOT): II - Medium Danger

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102): IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 °C (1.1 bar at 122 °F), or 130 kPa at 55 °C (1.3 bar at 131 °F) are authorized.

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal......... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / (1 + a (tr - tf)) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 °C (32 °F).

TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx): 150

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx): 202

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx): 242

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27): 5 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75): 60 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location: B - (i) The material may be stowed “on deck” or “under deck” on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) “On deck only” on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

Additional information
Other information: No supplementary information available.

ADR
Transport document description:

Transport by sea
No additional information available

Air transport
No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag: T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting: 1.0 % (only if manufactured by the strong acid process, no supplier notification)

L-Menthol (2216-51-5)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Polyethylene glycol (25322-68-3)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List) inventory.

WHMIS Classification: Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid
Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

L-Menthol (2216-51-5)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List) inventory.

Polyethylene glycol (25322-68-3)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List) inventory.

EU-Regulations

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) substances.

L-Menthol (2216-51-5)
Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) substances.

Polyethylene glycol (25322-68-3)
Listed on the EU - No-Longer Polymers List (67/548/EEC)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
Not classified

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC
Not classified
### 15.2.2. National regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Listings</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)</td>
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<td>Listed on Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing &amp; New Chemicals Substances) inventory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Listed on Industrial Safety and Health Law Substances (ISHL)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemical List) inventory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Listed on New Zealand - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Listed on Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List</td>
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</tbody>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 15.3. US State regulations

No additional information available

### SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>H-Phrase</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2A</td>
<td>Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flamm. Liq. 2</td>
<td>Flammable liquids Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Irrit. 2</td>
<td>Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE 3</td>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE 3</td>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H225</td>
<td>Highly flammable liquid and vapour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H315</td>
<td>Causes skin irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H319</td>
<td>Causes serious eye irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H335</td>
<td>May cause respiratory irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H336</td>
<td>May cause drowsiness or dizziness</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all ambient conditions.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.
Medicaine® Sting and Bite Relief
Safety Data Sheet
according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

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