

SAFETY DATA SHEET

EFFECTIVE DATE: 12/01/15

ITEM: Overnight Outdoor First Aid Kit

PART # UPC

777 077403107773

CONTENTS:

Allergy / Antihistamine Drug Fact Sheet
Ammonia Inhalent SDS
Antacid Drug Fact Sheet
Hydrocortisone (Anti-Itch) Drug Fact Sheet
Loratadine - refer to product label
Non Aspirin, Extra Strength SDS
SUn-x Sunscreen SDS
Triple Antbiotic Ointment SDS

SHIPPING INFORMATION

no special designation

Drug Facts (continued) **Drug Facts** Active ingredient (in each caplet) **Purpose** If pregnant or breast feeding, ask a health professional Diphenhydramine Hydrochloride 25 mg...... **Antihistamine** before use. lises Keep out of the reach of children. In case of overdose. contact a physician or poison control center immediately. Temporarily relieves these symptoms due to hav fever or other respiratory allergies **Directions** ■ runny nose ■ sneezing ■ itching nose or throat do not use more than directed. ■ itchy-watery eyes Temporarily relieves these symptoms due to the common cold ■ runny nose ■ sneezing Adults and children: Take 1 to 2 caplets every 4 to 6 hours (12 years and older) as needed. Do not take more than 12 Warnings caplets in 24 hours, or as directed by a Do not use doctor. ■ to make a child sleepy with any other product containing diphenhydramine, even one that is used on skin Children under 12 Do not give to children under 12 years of age. vears: Ask a doctor before use if you have ■ a breathing problem such as emphysema or chronic bronchitis Other information ■ difficulty in urination due to enlargement of the prostate gland each caplet may contain; calcium 25mg glaucoma store at room temperature 59°-86°F (15°-30°C) Ask a doctor or pharmacist before use if you are protect from light ■ taking sedatives or tranquilizers use by expiration date on packet ■ tamper-evident sealed packets When Using This Product do not use any opened or torn packets marked drowsiness may occur avoid alcohol beverages Inactive ingredients alcohol, sedatives and tranquilizers may increase the drowsiness carnauba wax*, colloidal silicon dioxide, croscarmellose effect sodium, D&C red #27, dicalcium phosphate*, hypromellose, use caution when driving a motor vehicle or operating machinery lactose*, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, excitability may occur, especially in children polyethylene glycol, polysorbate 80*, titanium dioxide If pregnant or breast feeding, ask a health professional before use. *may contain Keep out of the reach of children. In case of overdose, contact a physician or poison control center immediately.

Retain carton for complete product information

Distributed by Acme United Corporation, Fairfield, CT 06824

1-800-835-2263 www.PhysiciansCareFirstAid.com



Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

Date of issue: 06/02/2014 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Ammonia Inhalant Solution

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : OTC drug used to treat or prevent fainting

Use of the substance/mixture : For professional use only

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

James Alexander Corporation 845 Route 94 Blairstown NJ 07825

Tel: (908) 362-9266

Note: The CHEMTREC emergency number is to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident involving chemicals. All non-emergency questions should be directed to JAC at (908) 362-9266.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Chemtrec (800) 424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Skin Corr. 1B H314 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Carc. 1A H350

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS02





GHS05

GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H350 - May cause cancer

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, gas, mist, spray, vapours

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves

P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

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P308+P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

P321 - Specific treatment (see on this label)

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide

(CO2), water spray, sand, earth for extinction

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, national and international

regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Ethyl alcohol	(CAS No) 64-17-5	30 - 40	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Carc. 1A, H350
Ammonia	(CAS No) 7664-41-7	15 - 20	Flam. Gas 2, H221 Compressed gas, H280 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas), H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, give artificial respiration. In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen. by trained personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Do not rub the skin and eyes after direct contact with the product. Seek medical attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: If the person is fully conscious, make him/her drink water. Never give an unconscious person anything to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious).

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries

: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. This material or its emissions may affect the central nervous system and/or aggravate pre-existing disorders.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

: May cause cancer by inhalation. Prolonged and repeated inhalation of decomposition products may cause a pulmonary oedema. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Irritating to the respiratory system, may cause throat pain and cough. Difficulty in breathing.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact

: May cause severe burns.

Communication of the immedian

: Causes serious eye damage. Can cause blindness.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol resistant foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Reactivity Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapours. Reacts violently with acids. An

exothermic reaction may occur.

Advice for firefighters 5.3.

: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any Firefighting instructions

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protective equipment for firefighters : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Other information Containers may swell and Burst during a fire due to internal pressure caused by heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapours. Alcohols burn with a pale blue flame which may be extremely hard to see under normal lighting conditions. Personnel may be able to feel the heat of the fire without seeing flames. Extreme caution must be exercised in fighting alcohol fires.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No

naked lights. No smoking. Stop leak if safe to do so. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Wear protective clothing. For further information refer to

section 8: Exposure-controls/personal protection.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Ventilate area. **Emergency procedures**

6.2. **Environmental precautions**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed

: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

Precautions for safe handling

Methods for cleaning up

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Personal protective equipment should be selected based upon the conditions under which this product is handled or used. Use personal protective equipment as required. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapour or spray. No naked lights. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Never use pressure to empty container. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take care to allow internal pressure to escape from container before releasing closures. Remove closure carefully; internal pressure may be present. Keep closure up to prevent leakage. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

: Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present. Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions

: Keep only in the original container in a cool well ventilated place. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect containers against physical damage. Detached outside storage is preferable. Inside storage should be in an NFPA approved flammable liquids storage room or cabinet. Store in corrosion-proof area at temperatures below 77 degrees F (25oC). Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources.

Incompatible materials

 Avoid mixing with acids, most common metals, strong oxidizing agents, brass, zinc, chlorine, aluminum, copper, bronze, mercury, dimethyl sulfate and acetyl chloride.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Ammonia (7664-41-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	25 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	35 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	35 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	50 ppm

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1900 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.

Personal protective equipment

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. A hazard assessment of the work area for PPE requirements should be conducted by a qualified professional pursuant to OSHA regulations. For certain operations, additional Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) may be required. Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing.







Hand protection

: Wear protective gloves. rubber gloves. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Eye protection

: Chemical goggles or face shield.

Skin and body protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing. Chemical resistant safety shoes.

Respiratory protection

: Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Suggestions provided in this section for exposure control and specific types of protective equipment are based on readily available information. Users should consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm the performance of their protective equipment. Specific situations may require consultation with industrial hygiene, safety, or engineering professionals. Care must be taken to assure that any respirator chosen is capable of protecting the user from both ammonia and ethyl alcohol vapors.

Other information

: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Clear.
Colour : Red.

Odour : Pungent ammonia odour.

Odour threshold : No data available pH : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : > 35 °C (> 95 °F)

Flash point : < 10 °C (< 50 °F - Pensky Martens Closed Cup)

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available Vapour pressure : No data available Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : No data available

Density : 0.891 (Specific Gravity @ 25 °C)

Solubility : Soluble in water. Log Pow : No data available : No data available Log Kow Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Viscosity, dynamic No data available Explosive properties No data available Oxidising properties : No data available Explosive limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapours. Reacts violently with acids. An exothermic reaction may occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Not established.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid mixing with acids, most common metals, strong oxidizing agents, brass, zinc, chlorine, aluminum, copper, bronze, mercury, dimethyl sulfate and acetyl chloride.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition generates: Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases. Corrosive vapours. Ammonia. Nitrogen oxides. release of highly flammable gases/vapours hydrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

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Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
LD50 oral rat	350 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	2000 ppm/4h
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	124.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 4 h)
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer.
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated	: Not classified
exposure)	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Aspiration nazard	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Potential Adverse human health effects and	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
symptoms	. Dased on available data, the classification chieffa are not met.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: May cause cancer by inhalation. Prolonged and repeated inhalation of decomposition product
	may cause a pulmonary oedema. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Irritating to the respiratory system, may cause throat
	pain and cough. Difficulty in breathing.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: May cause severe burns.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Can cause blindness.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	 May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
LC50 fishes 1	0.44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio)
EC50 Daphnia 1	25.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	0.26 - 4.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus)
Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
LC50 fishes 1	12.0 - 16.0 ml/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)
EC50 Daphnia 1	9268 - 14221 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	> 100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
EC50 Daphnia 2	10800 mg/l (Exposure time: 24 h - Species: Daphnia magna)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ammonia Inhalant Solution	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ammonia Inhalant Solution		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Ammonia (7664-41-7)		
Log Pow	-1.14 (at 25 °C)	

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Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
Log Pow	-0.32

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations

: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not re-use empty containers. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal.

: Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable. Additional information

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description UN2924 Flammable liquids, corrosive, n.o.s. (Ammonia, Ethanol), 3, II

UN-No.(DOT) DOT NA no. : UN2924

DOT Proper Shipping Name : Flammable liquids, corrosive, n.o.s.

(Ammonia, Ethanol)

: 3 - Flammable liquid

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard

Classes

Hazard labels (DOT)

8 - Corrosive





: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite

(31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T11 - 6 178.274(d)(2) Normal...... 178.275(d)(3)

TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

TP27 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) 150 : 202 DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 243 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 1 L (49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 5 L

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location

: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this

section is exceeded.

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DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

ADR

Transport document description : No additional information available

Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Ammonia Inhalant Solution	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	588 lb

Ammonia (7664-41-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on SARA Section 302 (Specific toxic chemical listings) Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chemical listings)	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	100 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 % (includes anhydrous Ammonia and aqueous Ammonia from water dissociable Ammonium salts and other sources, 10% of total aqueous Ammonia is reportable under this listing)

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Ammonia (7664-41-7)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List) inventory.		
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material	

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustance	s List) inventory.
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

EU-Regulations

Ammonia (7664-41-7)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) substances.

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) substances.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Not classified

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Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Not classified

National regulations 15.2.2.

Ammonia (7664-41-7)

Listed on the AICS (the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemicals Substances) inventory.

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemical List) inventory.

Listed on New Zealand - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed on Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Listed on the AICS (the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC)
Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemicals Substances) inventory.

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemical List) inventory.

Listed on New Zealand - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed on Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

15.3. US State regulations

Ethyl alcohol (64-17-5)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes	Yes			

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 3
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity, Category 1A
Compressed gas	Gases under pressure : Compressed gas
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Flam. Gas 2	Flammable gases, Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
H221	Flammable gas
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H350	May cause cancer

NFPA health hazard : 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was

: 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all NFPA fire hazard

ambient conditions.

: 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated NFPA reactivity temperatures and pressures or may react with water with

some release of energy, but not violently.

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according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This Material Safety Data Sheet is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a person trained in, or supervised by a person trained in, the safe handling of chemical materials. James Alexander Corporation (JAC), expressly disclaims all express or implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose with respect to the product or information provided herein. All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from the manufacturer(s) and/or recognized technical sources. While the information is believed to be accurate, JAC makes no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency. Conditions of use are beyond JAC's control and therefore, users are responsible to verify this data under their own operating conditions to determine whether the product is suitable for their particular purposes and they assume all risks of their use, handling, and disposal of the product, or from the publication or use of, or reliance upon, information contained herein. This information relates only to the product designated herein and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.

06/06/2014 EN (English) 10/10

Drug Facts

 Active ingredient (in each tablet)
 Purpose

 Calcium Carbonate
 420 mg
 Antacid

Uses

For the relief of the following symptoms associated with

- acid indigestion
 sour stomach
- heartburn
- upset stomach

Warnings

Ask a doctor or health professional before use if you have

- been taking a prescription drug. Antacids may interact with certain prescription drugs.
- kidney stones
 a calcium-restricted diet
- Stop using this product and ask a doctor if
- symptoms last more than 2 weeks.

Do not exceed recommended dosage.

Keep this and all drugs out of the reach of children.

As with any drug, if you are pregnant or nursing a baby, seek the advice of a health professional before using this product.

Directions

Drug Facts (continued)

do not use more than directed

Adults and children: (12 years and older)

not use more than unected

Children under 12 years: physician.

Do not give to children under
12 years of age.

Chew 2 tablets every 2 or 3

hours as symptoms occur or

as directed by a physician. Do

not take more than 19 tablets

in a 24 hour period, or use the

maximum dosage of this

product for more than 2

weeks, except under the advice and supervision of a

Other information

- Phenylketonurics: contains phenylalanine 1.5 mg per tablet
- each tablet contains 168 mg of elemental calcium
 store at room temperature in a dry place
- 15°- 30°C (59° 86°F)
 tamper-evident sealed packets
- do not use any opened or torn packets

Inactive ingredients aspartame* croscarmellose s

aspartame*, croscarmellose sodium*, gum acacia*, magnesium stearate, maltodextrin, mineral oil*, mint flavor, sorbitol*, sucrose* "May contain

Questions or Comments? 1-800-835-2263

Distributed by Acme United Corporation, Fairfield, CT 06824 1-800-835-2263 www.PhysiciansCareFirstAid.com

May be used to comply with OSHA's Hazard Communication		LSAFE	. I D/11/			
Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be consulted for specific requirements.			HMIS HAZ	ARD RATING		
SAFETEC OF AMERICA	HEALTH FLAMMABILITY REACTIVITY	1 0 0	0 = INSIGNIFICANT 1 = SLIGHT 2= MODERATE		3 = HIGH 4 = EXTREME	
IDENTITY (AS USED ON LABEL AND LIST)	Y IDENTIFICAT	ION				
Safetec® 1% Hydrocortisone Cream					Page 1 of 2	
MANUFACTURER'S NAME Safetec of America, Inc.		EMERGENCY TELE (800) 255-3924	PHONE NUMBER (24 Ho	urs)		
ADDRESS (NUMBER, STREET, P.O. BOX)			BER FOR INFORMATION			
887 Kensington Ave.		(716) 895-1822				
(CITY, STATE AND ZIP CODE) Buffalo, NY 14215		DATE PREPARED SUPERSEDES		June 3, 2014 August 13, 2013		-
SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICA	TION					
ROUTES OF ENTRY - SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE						
EYES: May cause irritation, characterized by a burning sensation, rec INGESTION: May cause irritation of the digestive tract	ness, tearing, inflammation,	dryness and possible other e	ffects			
INHALATION: Unlikely route of exposure.						-
SKIN: No adverse conditions expected	1					
HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE): MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPO	Acute: No adverse effects e	·	ortisone products, unless dir	ected by a doctor.		
SECTION 3 -COMPOSITION/INFOR						
HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS		% (wt.)	OSHA	PEL/STEL	ACGIH TLV/TV	VA/STEL
(SPECIFIC CHEMICAL IDENTITY; COMMON NAME(S)	CAS#	(OPTIONAL)	PPM	MG/M³	PPM N	IG/M³
Hydrocortisone	50-23-7	1.00		NA	NA	
This product is not known to contain a substance subject to Section	·	nd Amendments and Reauth	orization Act of 1986 (SARA)	and 40 CFR 372 at or above min	imal amounts.	
SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES						
EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES EYES: Flush eyes with clear running water for a minimum of 15 minu	tes while holding evelids ope	n: if irritation persists seek m	edical attention.			
INGESTION: Seek immediate medical attention.						
INHALATION: None expected SKIN: If irritation occurs, wash contaminated skin with water; if irritation occurs, which washed the contaminated skin with water; if irritation occurs, which washed with the contaminated skin with water; if irritation occurs, which washed with the contaminated skin with the contaminated skin water wa	tion nersists seek medical at	tention				
SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEAS		.certaion.				
FLASH POINT (METHOD USED)		Volume in Air for Lowes	t Flashing Component)			
Not Applicable			LEL: Not Applicable		UEL: Not Applicable	
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA Use extinguishing media appropriate for the surrounding fire. Use w	ater spray, foam or dry chem	ical.				
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES						
Positive pressure NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparat UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSIVE HAZARDS	us (General Precaution).					
Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide may be generated.						
SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE	MEASURES					
STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED Spills should be collected with approved inert absorbent for disposa	Use suitable disposal centai	inore				
SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STO	-	illers.				
Keep this and other chemicals out of reach of children.	<u></u>					
SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROL	S/PERSONAL F	PROTECTION				
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION		VENTILATION		LOCAL EXHAUST:		
Ordinary, none required PROTECTIVE GLOVES		EYE PROTECTION		MECHANICAL (GENERAL):	Not required	
Ordinary, none required		Not required for nor				
OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT Eye wash stations should be nearby and ready for use.		WORK/HYGIENIC	PRACTICES bits. Use according to label i	nstructions		
SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL	PROPERTIES	Tractice sale working	iono. Osci decoranig to laber.	instructions:		
BOILING POINT		SPECIFIC GRAVITY	(WATER = 1)			
No data		0.99				
VAPOR PRESSURE (mm Hg) No data		MELTING POINT No data				
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1)		рН				
No data SOLUBILITY IN WATER		No data EVAPORATION RA	TE (n-BUTYL ACETATE=1)		
Soluble		No data	· 	,		
APPEARANCE AND ODOR White to Off-white Homogenous Cream		% VOLATILES (BY No data	VOLUME)			

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET						
IDENTITY (AS USED ON LABEL AND LIST)					Page 2 of 2	
Safetec® 1% Hydrocortisone Cream					Date: June 3, 2014	
SECTION 10 - STABILITY	AND REAC	CTIVITY				
STABILITY	UNSTABLE:		CONDITIONS TO	AVOID		
	STABLE:	XXX	None known.			
INCOMPATIBILITIES (MATERIALS TO AVOID)					
None known.						
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPROD						
Thermal decomposition may emit carbon and/or r	nitrogen oxides					
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION	MAY OCCUR:		CONDITIONS TO	AVOID		
W	ILL NOT OCCUR:	XXX	None known.			
SECTION 11 - TOXICOLO						
Component analysis - LC50: N/A	SICAL IIVI	ORIVIATION				
Component analysis - LC50: N/A						
Effects of acute exposure: Non-hazardous by WHN	AIS/OSHA criteria.					
Sensitization: Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA cri						
Chronic Effects: Repeated or prolonged exposure		ections may result in severe health	problems due to over	rexposure to Hydro	cortisone. Contact a physician if over overe	xposure is suspected.
Carcinogenity: Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA co		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			• •	· ·
Mutagenity: Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA crite	eria.					
Reproductive Effects: Non-hazardous by WHMIS/0	OSHA criteria.					
Teratogenity: Non-hazardous by WHMIS/OSHA cri	teria.					
SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICA	AL INFORM	MATION				
Component analysis - LC50: N/A						
Component analysis - LD50: N/A						
Ecotoxicity: N/A						
Environmental Effects: N/A						
Aquatic Toxicity: N/A						
Persistence / degradability: N/A						
Bioaccumulation / accumulation: N/A						
Partition coefficient: N/A Mobility in environmental media: N/A						
Chemical fate information: N/A						
Other adverse effects: N/A						
SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL (CONSIDER	RATIONS				
Dispose of in accordance with Local, State, and Fe	= = =		ıs may become hazarı	dous waste upon co	ontact with other products. Refer to "40 CER	R Protection of Environment Parts 260-299" for
complete waste disposal regulations. Consult your						
Waste from residues/unused product: N/A						
Contaminated Packaging: N/A						
SECTION 14 - TRANSPOR	TATION II	NFORMATION				
PROPER SHIPPING NAME			First Aid Cream			
HAZARD CLASS/PKG. GRP.			Not Applicable	REF.	Not Applicable	
IDENTIFICATION NUMBER			Not Applicable	LABEL	None Required Ground	
SECTION 15 - REGULATO	RY INFOR	MATION				
Canadian Federal Regulation: N/A						
US Federal Regulation: This product is a "Hazardon	us Chemical" as defi	ined by the OSHA Hazard Commu	nication Standard, 29	CFR 1910.1200. All	components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inven	ntory List.
Occupational Safety and Health Administration (G	OSHA)					
29 CFR 1910.1200 hazardous chemical- Yes						
CERCLA (Superfound) reportable quantity - N/A						
Superfound Amendments and Reauthorization Ac	t of 1986 (SARA) - N	I/A				
Clean Air Act (CAA) - N/A						
Clean Water Act (CWA) - N/A						
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) - N/A						
Drug Enforcement Agency (DEA) - N/A						
Food and Drug Administration (FDA) - N/A WHMIS classification - N/A						
State regulations - N/A						
Inventory Name - N/A						
SECTION 16 - OTHER INF	ORMATIC	N				
			vised to confirm in ad	vance of need that	information is current, applicable and suite	ed to the circumstances of use. Vendor assumes no
responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons	proximately cause	d by the material if reasonable saf				dor assumes no responsibility for injury caused by
abnormal use of this material even if reasonable s	afety procedures ar	re followed.				
Date Prepared: June 3, 2014		l				



DRUG FACTS PAC-KIT EXTRA STRENGTH NON-ASPIRIN TABLETS

Pac-Kit Safety Equipment Co. 57 Chestnut St. S. Norwalk, CT, USA 06854

Applies to: Unit dose packets of two tablets each, packaged in the following box counts: Stock #20-412, 12/box; Stock #20-455, 50/box; Stock #20-450, 100/box; Stock #20-425, 250/box; Stock #20-499, 500/box.

Specification last updated: 8/29/05

Active Ingredients (in each tablet):.... Purpose:

Acetaminophen, 500 mg. Pain Reliever/Fever Reducer

Uses:

For the temporary relief of pain from: Headaches • Fever • Minor Pain

Warnings:

ALLERGY ALERT: Do not take this product if you are allergic or hypersensitive to acetaminophen. If an allergic reaction occurs, discontinue use immediately and consult a physician.

ALCOHOL WARNING: If you consume 3 or more alcoholic drinks every day, ask your doctor whether you should take Acetaminophen or other pain relievers/fever reducers. Acetaminophen may cause liver damage.

DO NOT USE UNLESS DIRECTED BY YOUR PHYSICIAN IF:

- · You are currently under a doctor's care or taking prescription drugs
- · You have previously had reactions to this or any other non-prescription pain reliever
- · With other products that contain acetaminophen

WHEN USING THIS PRODUCT:

• Do note exceed recommended dosage, use the smallest effective dose. Do not use if the expiration date has passed.

STOP USING AND ASK A DOCTOR IF:

- · Pain persists for more than 10 days for adults or 5 days for children
- · Fever persists for more than three days
- · Redness is present
- · Ringing in the ears or hearing loss occurs
- · An allergic reaction occurs
- · Conditions worsen, or clear up and then recur

Keep this and all drug products out of the reach of children. In case of an accidental overdose, contact a physician or poison control center immediately. Prompt medical attention is critical for children as well as adults, even if you do not see any signs or symptoms. If you are pregnant or nursing a baby, as with any drug, contact a health professional before using this product.

Directions:

Tamper evident packaging, do not use if the packet is opened or torn.

.....do not exceed 8 tablets in 24 hours

Other information: Store at room temperature

Inactive Ingredients: Cellulose, Corn Starch, Magnesium Stearate, Hydroxypropyl Cellulose, Polyvinylpyrrolidone, Silicone Dioxide, Sodium Carboxylmethyl Cellulose, Stearic Acid



HEALTH 1 REACTIVITY

FLAMMABILITY 1 PERSONAL PROTECTION

SECTION I – Product and Company Identification				
Identity (As Used on Label and List) EPA Reg. No. N/A Sun X SPF 30 Sunscreen Broad Spectrum Bulk				
Distributed By: CoreTex Products, Inc.	Emergency Telephone Number: 800-255-3924 - 24 Hours			
Address (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code) 1850 Sunnyside Ct., Bakersfield, CA. 93308	Telephone Number for Information: 877-684-5774			

Formula No.: Cor05

Generated: 08/06/14, Revision: A2, Supersedes Revision A1, Date Created 08/02/12

SECTION II - Hazardous Ingredients/Identity Information

Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity, Common Name(s)	CAS No.	OSHA PEL	ACGIH- TLV	Other Limits Recommended	% (Opt.)
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

TSCA: All ingredients are on the TSCA inventory or are not required to be listed on the TSCA inventory.

Any substance listed as hazardous by the States of California, Florida, Illinois, Michigan, New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania or Texas is described above if known present in regulated concentrations.

SECTION III - Physical/Chemical Characteristics

Boiling Point	N/A	Specific Gravity (H ₂ O = 1) @ 25°C	0.984-1.056
Vapor Pressure (mm-Hg @ 70° F)	N/A	Melting Point	N/A
Vapor Density (AIR = 1)	N/A	Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)	N/A
Solubility in Water	In-Soluble	рН @ 25°С	6.50 - 7.50

Appearance and Odor -

Glossy Lotion, Off-White to Light Yellow. Characteristic odor.

SECTION IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard

Flash Point (Method Used)	Flammable Limits	LEL	UEL
Not Applicable	No Data	No Data	No Data

Extinguishing Media -

Will not support combustion. All recognized methods acceptable.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures - Keep containers cool and vapors down with water spray. Prevent runoff from entering sewers and public waterways. Wear SCBA in chemical fires.

Material Safety Data Sheet

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards -

Will not support combustion.

SECTION V – Stability and Reactivity						
Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid - Heat, sparks, open flames			
	Stable	X				
Incompatibility	(Materials to Av	oid) -				
None known	`	,				
Hazardous Deco	omposition or By	products	S -			
None known						
Hazardous	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid - None known			
Polymerization	Will Not	X				
•	Occur					

SECTION VI - Health Hazard								
Route(s) of Entry	Eyes?		Inhalation?		Skin?		Ingestion?	
		No		No		No		Yes

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic) -

Caution: Not generally considered an occupational hazard

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure -

Not determined

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure -

Not determined

SECTION VII - First Aid Measures

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Eyes – Customary use. If irritation develops, call a physician. **Skin** - Rinse skin with plenty of water. If irritation develops, call a physician. **Inhalation** – Move person to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, qualified personnel should administer artificial respiration. **Ingestion** – Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse out mouth and have patient drink several glasses or water. Call a physician.

SECTION VIII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled -

Caution, slip hazard. Wipe up small spills with an absorbent material. For large spills, pick up with a vacuum or an absorbent material. Place waste in appropriate container for disposal.

Waste Disposal Method - Consult local, state, and federal regulations. Do not reuse empty container.

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing – In the event of accidental contact with eyes, irrigate with copious amounts of water to exposed area promptly. Store in a cool (under 120° F) dry location away from heat. Use with adequate ventilation.

Other Precautions - Follow label directions carefully. Keep out of reach of children. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by use or storage. Do not swallow. Avoid inhaling mist and vapors.

SECTION IX - Control Measures

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type) - Not usually necessary. Use with adequate ventilation. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if PELs or TLVs are exceeded.

Ventilation	Local Exhaust	Not usually needed	Special	None
	Mechanical (General)	Yes	Other	None

Material Safety Data Sheet

Protective Gloves
Not usually necessary.

Eye Protection
Not usually necessary. Wear safety glasses for splash protection.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment -

Not usually necessary. Avoid direct contact.

Work/Hygienic Practices -

Normal. Wash hands after use and before eating, drinking, smoking, using restrooms, etc.

SECTION X – Toxicology Information

No Data Available.

Carcinogenicity:NTP?IARC Monographs?OSHA Regulated?No Data Available.NoNoNo

SECTION XI - Ecological Information

No Data Available.

SECTION XII - Disposal Condition

Dispose of in-accordance with local, State and Federal regulations.

SECTION XIII - Transport Information

Land Transport (US DOT)

This material is not subject to the transportation regulations of DOT, ICAO, IMO, and the ADR.

SECTION XIV - Regulatory Information

No Data Available.

SECTION XV - Other Information

Do not use if tamper resistant seal has been open

Company Policy or Disclaimer

The information and data are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. We extend No warranty, either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. All materials may present unknown health hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

NO INFORMATION BEYOND THIS POINT



	MSDS No.:	014
Triple Antibiotic Ointment	Revision No.:	5
	Effective Date:	2/2/2015

PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION – SECTION 1		
	Water-Jel Technologies	
	50 Broad Street	
Manufacturer/Distributor	Carlstadt, NJ 07072	
	201-507-8300	
	800-275-3433	
Product Name:	Triple Antibiotic Ointment	
Synonyms:	Antibiotic Ointment, Antibiotic Cream	
	First aid antibiotic ointment for topical prevention of	
Intended Use:	infections in minor cuts. Scrapes and burns. For external	
	use only.	

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY, SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE, OR ACCIDENT:
In the continental U.S.: 800-275-3433
For additional information: 201-507-8300

COMPOSITION INFORMATION – SECTION 2		
In accordance with 29 CFR § 1910.1200 (i) (1) the specific chemical identity of this product is		
being withheld as a trade se	cret.	
Chemical Name:	Petrolatum USP	
Percent:	Proprietary	
CAS Number:	8009-03-8	
Exposure Limits:	Not Established	
Chemical Name:	Neomycin Sulfate USP	
Percent:	Proprietary	
CAS Number:	1405-10-3	
Exposure Limits:	Not Established	
Chemical Name:	Bacitracin Zinc USP	
Percent:	Proprietary	
CAS Number:	1405-89-6	
Exposure Limits:	Not Established	
Chemical Name:	Polymyxin B Sulfate	
Percent:	Proprietary	
CAS Number:	1405-20-5	
Exposure Limits:	Not Established	

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION – SECTION 3		
EMERGENCY OVERVIEW &		
HAZARDS PRESENT TO	Warning!	
MAN AND THE	May cause eye and skin irritation.	
ENVIRONMENT		
PRIMARY ROUTES OF	Skin	
EXPOSURE	SKIII	



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POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:		
Eyes:	This product is minimally irritation to the eyes upon direct contact.	
Skin:	This product is minimally irritating to the skin upon direct contact. NOTE: Neomycin sulfate and Bacitracin Zinc USP may cause cutaneous sensitization. A precise incidence of hypersensitivity reactions (primarily skin rash) due to topical Neomycin and Bacitracin Zinc USP is not known. Discontinue promptly if sensitization or irritation occurs.	
Inhalation:	This product has a low vapor pressure and is not expected to present an inhalation hazard at ambient conditions. Caution should be taken to prevent aerosolization or misting of this product.	
Ingestion:	Do not ingest. This product is practically non-toxic by ingestion. This product has laxative properties and may result in abdominal cramps and diarrhea.	
MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:	No information available.	
CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS:		
Eyes:	No information available.	
Skin:	When using Bacitracin Zinc USP and/or Neomycin containing products to control secondary infection in the chronic dermatoses, such as chronic otitis extema or stasis dermatitis, it should be borne in mind that the skin in these conditions is more liable than is normal skin to become sensitized to many substances, including Neomycin and Bacitracin Zinc USP.	
Inhalation:	Exposure to a large single dose or repeated smaller doses of petrolatum by inhalation can lead to lipid pneumonia or lipid granuloma of the lung. These are low-grade, chronic, localized tissue reactions. Shortness of breath and cough are the most common symptoms.	
Ingestion:	Exposure to a large single dose or repeated smaller doses of petrolatum by ingestion leading to aspiration can lead to lipid pneumonia or lipid granuloma of the lung. These are low-grade, chronic, localized tissue reactions. Shortness of breath and cough are the most common symptoms.	



Triple Antibiotic Ointment	MSDS No.:	014
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FIRST AID MEASURES – SECTION 4		
SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION FOR ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE.		
FIRST AID MEASURES:		
Eyes:	Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water and continue flushing until irritation subsides. If material is hot, treat for thermal burns and take victim to hospital immediately.	
Skin:	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated area thoroughly with soap and water. If material is hot, submerge injured area in cold water. If victim is severely burned, remove to a hospital immediately.	
Inhalation:	This material has a low vapor pressure and is not expected to present an inhalation exposure at ambient conditions. If vapor or mist is generated when the material is heated or handled, remove victim from exposure.	
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting due to aspiration hazard. If vomiting should occur, lower head below knees to avoid aspiration.	
Instructions for Physician:	Exposure to a large single dose or repeated smaller doses of petrolatum by inhalation, aspiration, or ingestion, leading to aspiration, can lead to lipid pneumonia of lipid granuloma of the lung. These are low-grade, chronic, localized tissue reactions. Shortness of breath and cough are the most common symptoms.	

FIRE FIGHTINHG MEASURES – SECTION 5						
		NFPA	Classificati	ion		
Health Fire		Reactivity	<u>Other</u>			
0		1		0	N/A	
FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES						
Flash Point: Higher than 93.3°C 200°F)		Method:	Closed Cup			
Flammability Limits: (in air % by volume)		LEL:	N/A	UEL:	N/A	
Autoignition Temperature:						
No information available.						



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Hazardous Combustion Products:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing Media:

Use dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide.

Prohibited Extinguishing Media:

No information available.

Firefighting Instructions:

Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Dense smoke may be generated while burning. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and other oxides may be generated as products of combustion.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES – SECTION 6

Environmental Precautions:

Caontain spill immediately. Do not allow spill to enter sewers or watercourses.

Cleanup Methods:

<u>Small spills:</u> Absorb with appropriate inert material such as sand, clay, etc. and dispose of into a suitable container.

<u>Large spills:</u> Large spills may be picked up using vacuum pumps, shovels, buckets, or other means and placed in drums or other suitable containers.

HANDLING & STORAGE – SECTION 7		
Handling:	Avoid breathing vapors or mist. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash clothing prior to reuse. May be slippery when spilled.	
Storage:	Do not transfer to unmarked containers. Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, or oxidizing materials.	
Specific Uses:	First aid antibiotic ointment to help prevent infection in minor cuts, scrapes and burns. For external use only.	



Triple Antibiotic Ointment

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EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION – SECTION 8		
EXPOSURE CONTROLS:		
Exposure Limits Values:		
	OSHA PEL:	ACGIH TLV:
Petrolatum USP	Not Established	Not Established

Engineering Controls:

If vapor or mist is generated when the material is heated or handled, adequate ventilation in accordance with good engineering practice must be provided to maintain concentrations below the specified exposure or flammable limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Respiratory Protection:

Respiratory protection is not required under conditions of normal use. If vapor or mist is generated when the material is heated or handled, use an organic vapor respirator with a dust and mist filter. All respirations must be NIOSH certified.

Hand Protection:

For prolonged or repeated exposures, use impervious gloves. If handling hot material, use insulated protective gloves.

Eye/Face Protection:

Eye protection is not required under conditions of normal use. If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, wear plastic face shield of splash-proof safety goggles.

Skin Protection:

No skin protection is required for single, short duration exposures. For prolonged ot repeated exposures, use impervious clothing (boots, aprons, etc.) over parts of the body subject to exposure. If handling hot material, use insulated protective clothing (boots, aprons, etc.) Launder soiled clothes. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes, which cannot be decontaminated.

General Hygiene Considerations:

Consumption of food and beverage should be avoided in work areas where hydrocarbons are present. Always wash hands and face with soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking.

Other Protective Equipment:

No information available.



MSDS No.: 014
Revision No.: 5
Effective Date: 2/2/2015

PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES – SECTION 9		
PRODUCT:	Triple Antibiotic Ointment	
General Information:		
Appearance	Off-white lustrous ointment	
Odor	Odorless	
Important Health, Safety, and Environmenta	al Information:	
Boiling Point	650°F (343.3 C)	
Melting Point	125-130°F (51.7 – 54.4°C)	
Flash Point	Higher than 93.3°C (200°C)	
Explosive Properties	No information available.	
Oxidizing Properties	No information available.	
Specific Gravity (H ₂ O = 1)	0.86 – 0.87	
Water Solubility	Insoluble in water	
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)	No information available.	
Viscosity	No information available.	
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	No information available.	
Vapor Density (Air = 1)	No information available.	
Evaporation Rate	No information available.	
% Volatile (By Volume @ 68°F)	No information available.	

STABILITY & REACTIVITY – SECTION 10
Stability:
Stable.
Conditions to avoid:
Heat, sparks, and flames.
Materials to avoid:
May react with strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:
Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and other oxides may be generated as products of
combustion.
Hazardous Polymerization:
Will not occur.



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TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION – SECTION 11				
Type of Test	Route of Exposure	<u>Effects</u>	<u>Species</u> Observed	Dose Data
No information available.				

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION – SECTION 12		
Ecotoxicity:		
No information available.		
Mobility:		
No information available.		
Persistence and Degradability:		
No information available.		
Bio accumulative Potential:		
No information available.		

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION – SECTION 13

All disposals of this material must comply with federal, state, and local regulations.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION – SECTION 14		
DOT CLASSIFICATION:		
UN Number:		
Class:		
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Degulated for Demostic Transport	
Packing Group:	Not Regulated for Domestic Transport.	
Marine Pollutant:		
Other Information:		
IATA CLASSIFICATION:		
Un Number:		
Class:	Not Regulated for International Air Transport.	
Proper Shipping Name:		
Packing Group:		
Marine Pollutant:		
Other Information:		



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IMDG CLASSIFICATION:		
Un Number:		
Class:		
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated for International Water Transport.	
Packing Group:		
Marine Pollutant:		
Other Information:		

REGULATORY INFORMATION – SECTION 15		
<u>US REGULATIONS</u>		
ACGIH	Not Established	
CAA Section 112	Not Listed	
CERCLA	Not Listed	
IARC	Not Listed	
NTP	Not Listed	
OSHA	Not Established	
SARA Title III	Not Listed	
TSCA	Not Listed	
STATE REGULATIONS		
MA substance List	Not Listed	
NJ RTK Hazardous Substance List	Not Listed	
PA Hazardous Substance List	Not Listed	
Canadian WHMIS	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS	
Callaulali vyriviis	classification criteria.	

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