

SAFETY DATA SHEET

EFFECTIVE DATE: 12/02/15

ITEM: Daytripper First Aid Kit

PART# UPC

942 077403614509

CONTENTS:

Alcohol Prep / Swab SDS
First Aid Burn Cream SDS
Motion Sickness Tablets SDS
Non Aspirin, Extra Strength SDS
Sting and Bite Pad SDS
Triple Antbiotic Ointment SDS

SHIPPING INFORMATION

no special designation



Reviewed on 5/4/15

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1. Product and Company Identification

PRODUCT NAME: Alcohol Preparation Pads/Swab

RECOMMENDED USE: Topical skin antiseptic

Product Code: AM-20200, 1113, 1114, 1116, PK-1114

Manufacturer's Name: Dynarex Corporation

Manufacturer's Address: 10 Glenshaw Street
Orangeburg, NY 10962

Emergency or Information 888-DYNAREX or 845-365-8200

Phone No.: At other times, contact the local Poison Control Center

SECTION 2. Hazards Identification

Main Hazards:

Highly flammable; irritation to eyes; vapor may cause drowsiness and dizziness

Absorption:

Eye contact; ingestion; inhalation; skin contact

Carcinogenic Status:

Not considered carcinogenic by NTP, IARC, and OSHA

Target Organs:

Central nerves system; skin; eye; liver; respiratory system

Health Effects:





Corporate Headquarters
10 Glenshaw Street, Orangeburg, NY 10962
Tel: 845.365.8200 • Fax: 845.365.8201

Toll-Free: 888.DYNAREX

- Eyes Liquid, mist or vapor will cause conjunctival irritation and possible corneal damage.
- Skin Repeated or prolonged contact may produce defatting of the skin leading to irritation and dermatitis. Liquid may be absorbed through the skin but not in toxicologically significant amounts, unless the contact area is large and under prolonged exposure.
- Ingestion Swallowing a small amount may have the effect of any of these symptoms: irritation of mouth, throat, digestive tract, and central nerves system depression.
- Ingestion A large dose may have the effect of any of these symptoms: dizziness, drowsiness, headache, mental confusion, nerve damage leading to numbness and muscle weakness, fall of blood pressure, liver damage, lung damage.
- Inhalation Exposure to vapor may have the effect of any of these symptoms: irritation of nose, throat and respiratory tract, central nerve system depression.
- Inhalation Exposure to vapor at high concentration may have the effects of any of these symptoms: dizziness, drowsiness, headache, mental confusion, lung damage, fall of blood pressure, liver damage, nerve damage leading to numbness and muscle weakness.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on Ingredients

Hazardous Ingredients (specific)	% Composition	CAS Number
Isopropyl Alcohol (2-Propanol)	70%	67-63-0
Inactive Ingredient		
Water	30%	7732-18-5





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SECTION 4. First-aid measures

Eves:

Immediately flood the eye with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eye open. Obtain medical attention if soreness or redness persists.

Skin:

Immediately flood the affected skin area with large quantity of water, perferably under a shower. Remove contaminated clothing and continue washing. Contaminated clothing should be washed throughly before re-use. Obtain medical attention if blistering of the skin occures or redness persists.

Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting. Have victim drink serval large glasses of water to dilute the stomach contents. Give the victim oxygen if he/she has difficulty in breathing. Obtain medical attention immediately.

Inhalation:

Remove the victim from exposure immediately. Give the victim oxygen if he/she has difficulty in breathing. Obtain medical attention immediately.

MEDICAL PERSONNEL:

Monitor the victim for systemic secondary effects on liver and kidney functions. Support and treat as appropriate.

SECTION 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flash Point – 20°C/68°F

Boiling Point – 80°C/176°F





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Extinguishing Media – Dry Chemical or Alcohol Type Foam, Carbon Dioxide

Be aware of the possibility of re-ignition. Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards –

Class 3 Flammability. Vapor can travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flashback. Flashback can occur if air temperature exceeds flash point. Be aware the possibility of re-ignition.

<u>Special Fire Fighting Procedures –</u>

Handle as Flammable Liquid. Use Respiratory Protection. Wear full protective clothing for Fire Fighting Personnel.

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

- Flush spills with water.
- Contain and absorb using soil, sand, or other inert material.
- Vapor can accumulate in low areas. Consider the need for evacuation.
- Prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

- Eliminate all sources of ignition. Store away from heat.
- Store in well ventilated area.
- Handle as flammable liquid. Follow local, state and federal regulations.
- Avoid inhaling vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing.
- Wear eye protection if splashing is expected.
- Wear appropriate protective clothing.
- Use respirator if exposure level is high when handling bulk liquid.
- Keep container tightly closed when not in use.





SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- OSHA Occupation Exposure Standards PEL 400ppm (980mg/m3) 8h TWA
- UK EH40: OES 400ppm (980mg/m3) 8h TWA
- UK EH40: OES 500ppm (1225mg/m3) 15min TWA
- ACGIH: TLV 200ppm (980mg/m3) 8h TWA
- ACGIH: STEL 400ppm (1225mg/m3) 15min TWA
- Personal Protective Equipment
 - Gloves
 - o Eye
 - Clothing

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance – Liquid Saturated Towelette / Pad / Swab

Color – Clear Odor – Alcohol Vapor Density – 2.1 (Air = 1)

Viscosity (cSt) – 2.9 cps at <@2> °C

Evaporation Rate – Environmental Dependent

Water Solubility – Complete Specific Gravity – 0.8405

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability – Stable under normal conditions

Conditions to Avoid – None Incompatibility – None

Hazardous Decomposition or By-product – Oxides of carbon





Polymerization -

Will Not Occur.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

- Low level of acute toxicity predicted.
- May be harmful by skin absorption.
- Oral LD50 (rat) 5045mg/kg.
- Dermal LD50 (rabbit) 12800mg/kg.
- Inhalation LCLO (rat) 1600ppm 4h.

Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity

- Material not expected to cause long-term adverse health effects.
- Material not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Group 3).
- Chronic / Sub-chronic studies resulted in adverse effects to:
 - Liver, spleen, biochemical effects, brain tissue degeneration, changes in reflex behavior, sensory nerve damage.

Genealogy Toxicity

Material is not expected to cause any mutagenic effects.

Reproductive / Developmental Toxicity

- Material is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental health effects.
- Experimental studies in animals have provided some evidence of embryo / fetus toxicity and birth defects only at does producing marked maternal toxicity.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Mobility





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- If released to soil, IPA is expected to have very high mobility
- Persistence / Degradability
- IPA is readily degraded in aerobic aqueous systems
- Bio-accumulation
- Low potential for bio-concentration in aquatic organisms

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

- Transfer into suitable containers for recovery or disposal.
- Dispose in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.
- Do not remove labels from container until the container has been cleaned.
- Do not cut, puncture or weld on or near the container.
- Do not incinerate closed containers.
- Empty containers may contain hazadous residues

SECTION 14. Transport information

- DOT CFR 172.101
- Not regulated per 49 CFR 173.4 Small Quantity Exemption

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

This product is compliant with the following:

- EU Label: Classification and labeling have been performed according to EU Directive 67/548/EEC and 99/45/EC including amendments
- EU Hazard Symbol and Indication of Danger
- F Highly flammable
- Xi Irritant
- R11 Highly flammable





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- R36 Irritating to eyes
- R67 Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness
- S2 Keep out of reach of children
- S7 Keep container tightly closed
- S16 Keep away from sources of ignition No smoking
- S24 / S25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes
- S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice
- US (Federal and State) Regulations and International Chemical Registration Laws TSCA listing
- This product contains ingredients that are listed on or exempt from listing on the EPA Toxic Substance Control Act Chemical Inventory
- This product does not contain any chemicals subject to EPA Title III of the SARA Listing in Sections 302 and 304
- All ingredients in this product are listed on the European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substance (EINECS Listing) or are exempted from listing
- All ingredients in this product are listed on the Canada Domestic Substance List (DSL Listing)

SECTION 16. Other information

Disclaimer:

This Safety Data Sheet, which takes into consideration the requirements of Directive 76/768/EC and subsequent amendments and Directive 1999/45/EC plus subsequent amendments, has been prepared in accordance with Directive (EC) 1907/2006. It is believed to be correct and corresponds to the latest scientific/technical knowledge but all data, instructions, recommendations and/or suggestions are made without guarantee. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and Dynarex Corp. assumes no legal responsibility or liability resulting from its use.





First Aid Burn Cream	MSDS No.:	007
	Revision No.:	5
	Effective Date:	10/21/2014

PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION – SECTION 1				
	Water-Jel Technologies			
	50 Broad Street			
Manufacturer/Distributor	Carlstadt, NJ 07072			
	201-507-8300			
	800-275-3433			
Product Name:	First Aid Burn Cream			
Synonyms:	Topical Cream, Burn Cream			
	First aid to help prevent infection and for temporary relief of			
Intended Use:	pain in minor cuts, scrapes, and burns. For external use			
	only.			

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY, SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE, OR ACCIDENT:
In the continental U.S.: 800-275-3433
For additional information: 201-507-8300

COMPOSITION INFOR	MATION – SECTION 2			
In accordance with 29 CFR § 1910.1200 (i) (1) the specific chemical identity of this product is				
being withheld as a trade se	cret.			
Chemical Name:	Cetyl Alcohol			
Percent:	Proprietary			
CAS Number:	36653-82-4			
Exposure Limits:	None Established			
Chemical Name:	Germaben II			
Percent:	Proprietary			
CAS Number:	No information available.			
Exposure Limits:	None Established			
Chemical Name:	Glycerin			
Percent:	Proprietary			
CAS Number:	56-81-5			
	ACGIH TWA (Glycerin Mist):	OSHA PEL (Glycerin Mist):		
Exposure Limits:	Total Dust: 15 mg/m³ Respirable Fraction: 5 mg/m³	Total Dust: 10 mg/m ³ Respirable Fraction: 5 mg/m ³		
Chemical Name:	Glyceryl Monostearate SE (Glyceryl Stearate)			
Percent:	Proprietary			
CAS Number:	31566-31-3			
Exposure Limits:	TWA (Stearates):			
	10 mg/m ³			



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Chemical Name:	White Mineral Oil
Percent:	Proprietary
CAS Number:	8042-47-5
Exposure Limits:	None Established
Chemical Name:	Peg 100
Percent:	Proprietary
CAS Number:	25322-68-3
Exposure Limits:	None Established
Chemical Name:	Stearic Acid
Percent:	Proprietary
CAS Number:	57-11-4
Exposure Limits:	None Established

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION – SECTION 3				
EMERGENCY OVERVIEW & HAZARDS PRESENT TO MAN AND THE ENVIRONMENT	May cause irritation to eyes and may cause irritation of the digestive tract when ingested.			
PRIMARY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE	Eye contact, Ingestion			
POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:				
Eyes:	May cause irritation, characterized by a burning sensation, redness, tearing, inflammation, dryness, and possible other effects.			
Skin:	No adverse conditions expected.			
Inhalation:	Unlikely route of exposure.			
Ingestion:	May cause irritation of the digestive tract.			
MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:	No information available.			
CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS:				
Eyes:	Flush eyes with clear running water for a minimum of fifteen (15) minutes while holding eyelids open; if irritation persists, seek medical attention.			
Skin:	No adverse conditions expected.			
Inhalation:	Unlikely route of exposure.			
Ingestion:	Rinse out mouth and drink lots of water. In case of unusual symptoms, seek medical attention and show physician the container details.			



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FIRST AID MEASURES – SECTION 4				
SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION FOR ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE.				
FIRST AID MEASURES:				
Eyes:	Flush immediately with large amounts of water. If redness or irritation persists, contact a physician.			
Skin:	No adverse conditions expected.			
Inhalation:	Unlikely route of exposure.			
Ingestion:	Contact a physician immediately.			
Instructions for Physician:	Available date does not identify any conditions.			

FIRE FIGHTINHG MEASURES – SECTION 5						
		NFPA	Classificati	ion		
Health Fire Reactivity Other						
1	1 0			0	N/A	
FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES						
Flash Point: N/A Method: N/A						
Flammability Limits: (in air % by volume)			LEL:	N/A	UEL:	N/A
Autoignition Temperature:						

N/A

Hazardous Combustion Products:

Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide

Extinguishing Media:

Use extinguishing media appropriate for the surrounding fire. Use water spray, foam or dry chemical.

Prohibited Extinguishing Media:

In fires involving large quantities of this product, the use of large streams of water should be avoided.

Firefighting Instructions:

Use self-contained breathing apparatus when fighting fires that involve this material.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide may be generated.



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ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES – SECTION 6

Environmental Precautions:

No information available.

Cleanup Methods:

<u>Small spills:</u> Spills should be collected with approved inert absorbent for disposal.

<u>Large spills:</u> Spills should be collected with approved absorbent for disposal.

HANDLING & STORAGE – SECTION 7	
Handling:	Keep this and other chemicals out of reach of children.
Storage:	Do not store or mix with strong acids or oxidizers.
Specific Uses:	First aid to help prevent infection and for temporary relief of pain in minor cuts, scrapes and burns. For external use only.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION – SECTION 8		
EXPOSURE CONTROLS:		
Exposure Limits Values:		
	OSHA PEL:	ACGIH TLV:
Stearates (Glyceryl Stearate)	Not Established	10 mg/m ³
	Total Dust: 15 mg/m ³	Total Dust: 10 mg/m ³
Glycerin Mist (Glycerin)	Respirable Fraction:	Respirable Fraction:
	5 mg/m ³	5 mg/m ³
Engineering Controls:		
Local Exhaust is recommended		
PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQ	<u>UIPMENT:</u>	
Respiratory Protection:		
None required under normal conditions.		
Hand Protection:		
None required under normal co	nditions.	
Eye/Face Protection:		
Eye protection, as necessary to	prevent excessive contact.	
Skin Protection:		
None required under normal conditions.		
General Hygiene Considerations:		
Practice safe work habits. Use according to label instructions.		



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Other Protective Equipment:

Eye wash stations should be nearby and ready for use.

PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERT	
PRODUCT:	First Aid Burn Cream
eneral Information:	
Appearance	White homogeneous cream
Odor	Slightly fatty odor
mportant Health, Safety, and Environment	al Information:
Boiling Point	135°C 275°F
Melting Point	60°C (140°F)
Flash Point	N/A
Explosive Properties	No information available.
Oxidizing Properties	No information available.
Specific Gravity $(H_2O = 1)$	0.81
Water Solubility	Miscible
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)	No information available.
Viscosity	No information available.
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	No information available.
Vapor Density (Air = 1)	No information available.
Evaporation Rate	0.07
% Volatile (By Volume @ 68°F)	65

STABILITY & REACTIVITY – SECTION 10
<u>Stability</u> :
This material is stable under normal conditions.
Conditions to avoid:
Extreme heat
Materials to avoid:
Strong oxidants, Strong Acids
Hazardous Decomposition Products:
Tide and a booting of the first
Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide



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Hazardous Polymerization:	
Will not occur.	

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION – SECTION 11				
Type of Test	Route of Exposure	<u>Effects</u>	Species Observed	Dose Data
LD ₅₀ – (Cetyl Alcohol)	Oral	Death	Rodent - Rat	5 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ – (Glycerin)	Oral	Death	Rodent - Rat	12600 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ – (Glyceril Stearate)	Intraperitoneal	Death	Rodent - Mouse	200 mg/kg
LD ₅₀ – (Mineral Oil)	Oral	Death	Rodent - Mouse	22 gm/kg
LD ₅₀ – (Stearic Acid)	Intravenous	Death	Rodent - Rat	21500 ug/kg

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION – SECTION 12
Ecotoxicity:
No information available.
Mobility:
No information available.
Persistence and Degradability:
No information available.
Bio accumulative Potential:
No information available.

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION – SECTION 13 Dispose of in accordance with Local, State, and Federal regulations.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION – SECTION 14	
DOT CLASSIFICATION:	
UN Number:	Not Degulated for Demostic Transport
Class:	Not Regulated for Domestic Transport.



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Proper Shipping Name:		
Packing Group:	Not regulated for Demostic Transport	
Marine Pollutant:	Not regulated for Domestic Transport.	
Other Information:		
	IATA CLASSIFICATION:	
Un Number:		
Class:		
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Degulated for International Air Transport	
Packing Group:	Not Regulated for International Air Transport.	
Marine Pollutant:		
Other Information:		
IMDG CLASSIFICATION:		
Un Number:		
Class:	Not Regulated for International Water Transport.	
Proper Shipping Name:		
Packing Group:		
Marine Pollutant:		
Other Information:		

REGULATORY INFORMATION – SECTION 15		
<u>US REGULATIONS</u>		
	TWA (Glycerin Mist):	
ACGIH	Total Dust: 15 mg/m ³	
	Respirable Fraction: 5 mg/m ³	
	TWA (Stearates):	
	10 mg/m ³	
CAA Section 112	Not Listed	
CERCLA	Not Listed	
IARC	Not Listed	
NTP	Not Listed	
OSHA	OSHA PEL (Glycerin Mist):	
	Total Dust: 10 mg/m ³	
	Respirable Fraction: 5 mg/m ³	
SARA Title III	Not Listed	



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TSCA	Not Listed	
STATE REGULATIONS		
MA substance List	Not Listed	
NJ RTK Hazardous Substance List	Not Listed	
PA Hazardous Substance List	Not Listed	
Canadian WHMIS	Not Listed	

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither Water-Jel Technologies, nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Drug Facts Active ingredient (in each tablet) Dimenhydrinate 50 mg..... Uses

Antiemetic

Purpose

for prevention and treatment of these symptoms associated with motion sickness: nausea

vomiting

dizziness

Warnings

Do not use for children under 2 years of age unless directed by a doctor

Ask a doctor before use if you have ■ a breathing problem such as emphysema or chronic bronchitis

glaucoma

trouble urinating due to an enlarged prostate gland

tranquilizers

When using this product

marked drowsiness may occur avoid alcoholic drinks

■ alcohol, sedatives, and tranquilizers may increase drowsiness be careful when driving a motor vehicle or operating machinery

Ask a doctor or pharmacist before use if you are taking sedatives or

If pregnant or breast feeding, ask a health professional before use.

Keep out of the reach of children. In case of overdose, get medical

help or contact a Poison Control Center right away. (1-800-222-1222) Distributed by Acme United Corporation, Fairfield, CT 06824 1-800-835-2263 www.PhysiciansCareFirstAid.com

Directions

Drug Facts (continued)

■ to prevent motion sickness, the first dose should be taken

1/2 to 1 hour before starting activity

■ to prevent or treat motion sickness, see below:

(12 years and older)

Adults and children: Take 1 to 2 tablets every 4-6 hours.

Children 6 to under | Give 1/2 to 1 tablet every 6-8 hours. 12 years:

6 years:

Do not give more than 3 tablets in 24 hours, or as directed by a doctor. Children 2 to under Give 1/2 tablet every 6-8 hours. Do not give more than 1-1/2 tablets in 24 hours, or as directed by a doctor.

Do not take more than 8 tablets in 24

hours, or as directed by a doctor.

Other information

■ store between 20-25°C (68-77°F) see side panel for lot number and expiration date

Inactive ingredients

croscarmellose sodium, magnesium stearate, microcrystalline cellulose, dicalcium phosphate

Retain carton for complete product information



DRUG FACTS PAC-KIT EXTRA STRENGTH NON-ASPIRIN TABLETS

Pac-Kit Safety Equipment Co. 57 Chestnut St. S. Norwalk, CT, USA 06854

Applies to: Unit dose packets of two tablets each, packaged in the following box counts: Stock #20-412, 12/box; Stock #20-455, 50/box; Stock #20-450, 100/box; Stock #20-425, 250/box; Stock #20-499, 500/box.

Specification last updated: 8/29/05

Active Ingredients (in each tablet):.... Purpose:

Acetaminophen, 500 mg. Pain Reliever/Fever Reducer

Uses:

For the temporary relief of pain from: Headaches • Fever • Minor Pain

Warnings:

ALLERGY ALERT: Do not take this product if you are allergic or hypersensitive to acetaminophen. If an allergic reaction occurs, discontinue use immediately and consult a physician.

ALCOHOL WARNING: If you consume 3 or more alcoholic drinks every day, ask your doctor whether you should take Acetaminophen or other pain relievers/fever reducers. Acetaminophen may cause liver damage.

DO NOT USE UNLESS DIRECTED BY YOUR PHYSICIAN IF:

- · You are currently under a doctor's care or taking prescription drugs
- · You have previously had reactions to this or any other non-prescription pain reliever
- · With other products that contain acetaminophen

WHEN USING THIS PRODUCT:

• Do note exceed recommended dosage, use the smallest effective dose. Do not use if the expiration date has passed.

STOP USING AND ASK A DOCTOR IF:

- · Pain persists for more than 10 days for adults or 5 days for children
- · Fever persists for more than three days
- · Redness is present
- · Ringing in the ears or hearing loss occurs
- · An allergic reaction occurs
- · Conditions worsen, or clear up and then recur

Keep this and all drug products out of the reach of children. In case of an accidental overdose, contact a physician or poison control center immediately. Prompt medical attention is critical for children as well as adults, even if you do not see any signs or symptoms. If you are pregnant or nursing a baby, as with any drug, contact a health professional before using this product.

Directions:

Tamper evident packaging, do not use if the packet is opened or torn.

.....do not exceed 8 tablets in 24 hours

Other information: Store at room temperature

Inactive Ingredients: Cellulose, Corn Starch, Magnesium Stearate, Hydroxypropyl Cellulose, Polyvinylpyrrolidone, Silicone Dioxide, Sodium Carboxylmethyl Cellulose, Stearic Acid



Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

Date of issue: 06/02/2014 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name Medicaine Sting and Bite Relief

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : OTC drug used as a topical analgesic

Use of the substance/mixture : For professional use only

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

James Alexander Corporation 845 Route 94 Blairstown NJ 07825

Tel: (908) 362-9266

Note: The CHEMTREC emergency number is to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident involving chemicals. All non-emergency questions should be directed to JAC at (908) 362-9266.

Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Chemtrec (800) 424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 2 H225 Eye Irrit. 2A H319 STOT SE 3 H335 STOT SE 3 H336

Label elements 2.2.

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)





GHS02 GHS07

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour

H319 - Causes serious eve irritation H335 - May cause respiratory irritation H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. - No smoking

P233 - Keep container tightly closed

P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, lighting, ventilating equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge P261 - Avoid breathing dust, fume, mist, spray, vapours

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/physician if you feel unwell P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: get medical advice/attention

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Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide for extinction

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, national and international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Polyethylene glycol	(CAS No) 25322-68-3	50 - 55	STOT SE 3, H335
Isopropyl alcohol	(CAS No) 67-63-0	20 - 25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
L-Menthol	(CAS No) 2216-51-5	1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, give artificial respiration. In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen. by trained personnel. Seek medical attention immediately.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Do not rub the skin and eyes after direct contact with the product. Seek medical attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

First-aid measures after eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately get medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion

Contact a Poison Control Center immediately. Give no more than 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by giving 30 cc (2 tablespoons) of syrup of ipecac. If victim is a child, give no more than 1 glass of water and 15cc (1 tablespoon) syrup of ipecac. If syrup of ipecac is unavailable, give 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by touching finger to back of victim's throat. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person. Get immediate medical attention. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

: May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

: Irritating to the gastrointestinal tract. May cause abdominal pain and vomiting (sometimes bloody). Ingestion may cause central nervous system depression, low blood pressure, rapid heart beat and liver damageEarly to moderate central nervous system depression may be evidenced by giddiness, headache, dizziness and nausea. In extreme cases, unconsciousness, respiratory depression and death may occur. Liver damage may be evidenced by loss of appetite, jaundice (yellowish skin color) and sometimes pain in the upper abdomen on the right side.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Individuals with pre-existing skin disorders, eye problems, or impaired respiratory function may be more susceptible to the effects of overexposure.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol resistant foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Reactivity : Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours. Reacts violently with acids. An

exothermic reaction may occur.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protective equipment for firefighters : Do

Other information

: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

: Containers may swell and Burst during a fire due to internal pressure caused by heat. Vapours are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapours. Alcohols burn with a pale blue flame which may be extremely hard to see under normal lighting conditions. Personnel may be able to feel the heat of the fire without seeing flames. Extreme caution must be exercised in fighting alcohol fires.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No naked lights. No smoking. Stop leak if safe to do so. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Wear protective clothing. For further information refer to section 8: Exposure-controls/personal protection.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed

- : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.
- Precautions for safe handling
- : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Personal protective equipment should be selected based upon the conditions under which this product is handled or used. Use personal protective equipment as required. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapour or spray. No naked lights. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Never use pressure to empty container. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take care to allow internal pressure to escape from container before releasing closures. Remove closure carefully; internal pressure may be present. Keep closure up to prevent leakage. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

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7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

: Use explosion-proof machinery, apparatus, ventilation facilities, tools etc. Ensure the ventilation system is regularly maintained and tested. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. A washing facility/water for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present. Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions

Keep only in the original container in a cool well ventilated place. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect containers against physical damage. Detached outside storage is preferable. Inside storage should be in an NFPA approved flammable liquids storage room or cabinet. Store in corrosion-proof area at temperatures below 77 °F (25°C). Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources.

Incompatible materials

Storage temperature

: Avoid mixing with acids, most common metals, strong oxidizing agents, brass, zinc, chlorine, aluminum, copper, bronze, mercury, dimethyl sulfate and acetyl chloride.

: < 25 °C Store at temperatures below 77 °F (25 °C)

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	400 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	980 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	400 ppm

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of mists and/or vapors below the recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.

Personal protective equipment

: Avoid all unnecessary exposure. A hazard assessment of the work area for PPE requirements should be conducted by a qualified professional pursuant to OSHA regulations. For certain operations, additional Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) may be required. Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing.







Hand protection

: Wear protective gloves. rubber gloves. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Eye protection

: Chemical goggles or face shield.

Skin and body protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing. Chemical resistant safety shoes.

Respiratory protection

Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE). Suggestions provided in this section for exposure control and specific types of protective equipment are based on readily available information. Users should consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm the performance of their protective equipment. Specific situations may require consultation with industrial hygiene, safety, or engineering professionals. Care must be taken to assure that any respirator chosen is capable of protecting the user from both ammonia and ethyl alcohol vapors.

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Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Clear.
Colour : Green.

Odour : Odor of isopropyl alcohol, residual odor of menthol.

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Odour threshold : No data available

pH : 8.5

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Melting point : No data available : No data available Freezing point : > 35 °C (>95 °F) Boiling point : 16.6 °C (62 °F) Flash point Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available Vapour pressure : No data available Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available

Density : 1.029 (Specific Gravity @ 25 °C)

Solubility Soluble in water. Log Pow No data available Log Kow : No data available Viscosity, kinematic No data available : No data available Viscosity, dynamic Explosive properties : No data available Oxidising properties No data available : No data available **Explosive limits**

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Relative density

Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapours. Reacts violently with acids. An exothermic reaction may occur.

: No data available

10.2. Chemical stability

Not established.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid mixing with acids, most common metals, strong oxidizing agents, brass, zinc, chlorine, aluminum, copper, bronze, mercury, dimethyl sulfate and acetyl chloride.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition generates: Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases. Corrosive vapours. Ammonia. Nitrogen oxides. release of highly flammable gases/vapours hydrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
LD50 oral rat	4396 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	12800 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	16000 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h)
ATE CLP (oral)	4396.000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE CLP (dermal)	12800.000 mg/kg bodyweight

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3300 mg/kg
3300.000 mg/kg bodyweight
> 20 ml/kg
: Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
pH: 8.5
: Causes serious eye irritation.
pH: 8.5
: Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
: Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
: Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
3 - Not classifiable
: Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
: May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
: Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
•
: Not classified
(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
: May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Depression of the central
nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination.
Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause irritation.
: Causes serious eye irritation.
: Irritating to the gastrointestinal tract. May cause abdominal pain and vomiting (sometime bloody). Ingestion may cause central nervous system depression, low blood pressure, rapi heart beat and liver damageEarly to moderate central nervous system depression may be evidenced by giddiness, headache, dizziness and nausea. In extreme cases, unconsciousness respiratory depression and death may occur. Liver damage may be evidenced by loss appetite, jaundice (yellowish skin color) and sometimes pain in the upper abdomen on the right

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. **Toxicity**

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)		
LC50 fishes 1	9640 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])	
EC50 Daphnia 1	13299 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
LC50 fish 2	11130 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])	
L-Menthol (2216-51-5)		
LC50 fishes 1	18.9 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])	

Persistence and degradability 12.2.

Medicaine® Sting and Bite Relief	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

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12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential**

Medicaine [®] Sting and Bite Relief	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.
Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Log Pow	0.05 (at 25 °C)

Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not re-use empty

containers. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Consult the appropriate authorities

about waste disposal.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapours are flammable.

Avoid release to the environment. Ecology - waste materials

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1993 Flammable liquids, n.o.s. (contains isopropanol), 3, II

UN-No.(DOT) : 1993 DOT NA no. UN1993

DOT Proper Shipping Name : Flammable liquids, n.o.s.

(contains isopropanol)

Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard

Classes

: 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120

Hazard labels (DOT) : 3 - Flammable liquid



DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

(31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal...... 178.275(d)(3)
TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / (1 + a (tr - tf)) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature

during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when

the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).

TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the

MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) 150 DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202 DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L

CFR 175.75)

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DOT Vessel Stowage Location

: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

Additional information

Other information

: No supplementary information available.

ADR

Transport document description

Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substar Listed on SARA Section 313 (Specific toxic chem	, ,
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 % (only if manufactured by the strong acid process, no supplier notification)

L-Menthol (2216-51-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Polyethylene glycol (25322-68-3)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domes	tic Sustances List) inventory.
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects

L-Menthol (2216-51-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List) inventory

Polyethylene glycol (25322-68-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List) inventory.

EU-Regulations

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) substances.

L-Menthol (2216-51-5)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances) substances.

Polyethylene glycol (25322-68-3)

Listed on the EU - No-Longer Polymers List (67/548/EEC)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Not classified

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Not classified

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15.2.2. National regulations

Isopropyl alcohol (67-63-0)

Listed on the AICS (the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemicals Substances) inventory.

Listed on Industrial Safety and Health Law Substances (ISHL)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemical List) inventory.

Listed on New Zealand - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed on Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

Listed on the Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List

L-Menthol (2216-51-5)

Listed on the AICS (the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemicals Substances) inventory.

Listed on Industrial Safety and Health Law Substances (ISHL)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemical List) inventory.

Listed on New Zealand - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed on Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

Polyethylene glycol (25322-68-3)

Listed on the AICS (the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (IECSC)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemicals Substances) inventory.

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemical List) inventory.

Listed on New Zealand - Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Listed on Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)

15.3. US State regulations

No additional information available

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt

medical attention is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids that can be ignited under almost all

ambient conditions.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and are not reactive with water.

2 0

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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This Material Safety Data Sheet is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a person trained in, or supervised by a person trained in, the safe handling of chemical materials. James Alexander Corporation (JAC), expressly disclaims all express or implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose with respect to the product or information provided herein. All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from the manufacturer(s) and/or recognized technical sources. While the information is believed to be accurate, JAC makes no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency. Conditions of use are beyond JAC's control and therefore, users are responsible to verify this data under their own operating conditions to determine whether the product is suitable for their particular purposes and they assume all risks of their use, handling, and disposal of the product, or from the publication or use of, or reliance upon, information contained herein. This information relates only to the product designated herein and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.

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PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION – SECTION 1				
	Water-Jel Technologies			
	50 Broad Street			
Manufacturer/Distributor	Carlstadt, NJ 07072			
	201-507-8300			
	800-275-3433			
Product Name:	Triple Antibiotic Ointment			
Synonyms:	Antibiotic Ointment, Antibiotic Cream			
	First aid antibiotic ointment for topical prevention of			
Intended Use:	infections in minor cuts. Scrapes and burns. For external			
	use only.			

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY, SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE, OR ACCIDENT:
In the continental U.S.: 800-275-3433
For additional information: 201-507-8300

COMPOSITION INFORMATION – SECTION 2			
In accordance with 29 CFR § 1910.1200 (i) (1) the specific chemical identity of this product is			
being withheld as a trade se	cret.		
Chemical Name:	Petrolatum USP		
Percent:	Proprietary		
CAS Number:	8009-03-8		
Exposure Limits:	Not Established		
Chemical Name:	Neomycin Sulfate USP		
Percent:	Proprietary		
CAS Number:	1405-10-3		
Exposure Limits:	Not Established		
Chemical Name:	Bacitracin Zinc USP		
Percent:	Proprietary		
CAS Number:	1405-89-6		
Exposure Limits:	Not Established		
Chemical Name:	Polymyxin B Sulfate		
Percent:	Proprietary		
CAS Number:	1405-20-5		
Exposure Limits:	Not Established		

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION – SECTION 3			
EMERGENCY OVERVIEW &			
HAZARDS PRESENT TO	Warning!		
MAN AND THE	May cause eye and skin irritation.		
ENVIRONMENT			
PRIMARY ROUTES OF	Skin		
EXPOSURE	SKIII		



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POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:				
Eyes:	This product is minimally irritation to the eyes upon direct contact.			
Skin:	This product is minimally irritating to the skin upon direct contact. NOTE: Neomycin sulfate and Bacitracin Zinc USP may cause cutaneous sensitization. A precise incidence of hypersensitivity reactions (primarily skin rash) due to topical Neomycin and Bacitracin Zinc USP is not known. Discontinue promptly if sensitization or irritation occurs.			
Inhalation:	This product has a low vapor pressure and is not expected to present an inhalation hazard at ambient conditions. Caution should be taken to prevent aerosolization or misting of this product.			
Ingestion:	Do not ingest. This product is practically non-toxic by ingestion. This product has laxative properties and may result in abdominal cramps and diarrhea.			
MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:	No information available.			
CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS:				
Eyes:	No information available.			
Skin:	When using Bacitracin Zinc USP and/or Neomycin containing products to control secondary infection in the chronic dermatoses, such as chronic otitis extema or stasis dermatitis, it should be borne in mind that the skin in these conditions is more liable than is normal skin to become sensitized to many substances, including Neomycin and Bacitracin Zinc USP.			
Inhalation:	Exposure to a large single dose or repeated smaller doses of petrolatum by inhalation can lead to lipid pneumonia or lipid granuloma of the lung. These are low-grade, chronic, localized tissue reactions. Shortness of breath and cough are the most common symptoms.			
Ingestion:	Exposure to a large single dose or repeated smaller doses of petrolatum by ingestion leading to aspiration can lead to lipid pneumonia or lipid granuloma of the lung. These are low-grade, chronic, localized tissue reactions. Shortness of breath and cough are the most common symptoms.			



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FIRST AID MEASURES – SECTION 4				
SEEK MEDICAL ATTENTION FOR ALL CASES OF OVEREXPOSURE.				
FIRST AID MEASURES:				
Eyes:	Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water and continue flushing until irritation subsides. If material is hot, treat for thermal burns and take victim to hospital immediately.			
Skin:	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated area thoroughly with soap and water. If material is hot, submerge injured area in cold water. If victim is severely burned, remove to a hospital immediately.			
Inhalation:	This material has a low vapor pressure and is not expected to present an inhalation exposure at ambient conditions. If vapor or mist is generated when the material is heated or handled, remove victim from exposure.			
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting due to aspiration hazard. If vomiting should occur, lower head below knees to avoid aspiration.			
Instructions for Physician:	Exposure to a large single dose or repeated smaller doses of petrolatum by inhalation, aspiration, or ingestion, leading to aspiration, can lead to lipid pneumonia of lipid granuloma of the lung. These are low-grade, chronic, localized tissue reactions. Shortness of breath and cough are the most common symptoms.			

FIRE FIGHTINHG MEASURES – SECTION 5						
	NFPA Classification					
Health Fire		<u>Fire</u>		<u>Other</u>		
0		1		0	N/A	
FLAMMABILITY PR	FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES					
Flash Point:	Higher 200°F)	than 93.3°C	Method:	Closed Cup		
Flammability Limits: (in air % by volume)			LEL:	N/A	UEL:	N/A
Autoignition Temperature:						
No information available.						



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Hazardous Combustion Products:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing Media:

Use dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide.

Prohibited Extinguishing Media:

No information available.

Firefighting Instructions:

Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Dense smoke may be generated while burning. Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and other oxides may be generated as products of combustion.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES – SECTION 6

Environmental Precautions:

Caontain spill immediately. Do not allow spill to enter sewers or watercourses.

Cleanup Methods:

<u>Small spills:</u> Absorb with appropriate inert material such as sand, clay, etc. and dispose of into a suitable container.

<u>Large spills</u>: Large spills may be picked up using vacuum pumps, shovels, buckets, or other means and placed in drums or other suitable containers.

HANDLING & STORAGE – SECTION 7		
Handling:	Avoid breathing vapors or mist. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash clothing prior to reuse. May be slippery when spilled.	
Storage:	Do not transfer to unmarked containers. Store in closed containers away from heat, sparks, open flame, or oxidizing materials.	
Specific Uses:	First aid antibiotic ointment to help prevent infection in minor cuts, scrapes and burns. For external use only.	



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EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION – SECTION 8			
EXPOSURE CONTROLS:			
Exposure Limits Values:			
	OSHA PEL:	ACGIH TLV:	
Petrolatum USP	Not Established	Not Established	
l .			

Engineering Controls:

If vapor or mist is generated when the material is heated or handled, adequate ventilation in accordance with good engineering practice must be provided to maintain concentrations below the specified exposure or flammable limits.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Respiratory Protection:

Respiratory protection is not required under conditions of normal use. If vapor or mist is generated when the material is heated or handled, use an organic vapor respirator with a dust and mist filter. All respirations must be NIOSH certified.

Hand Protection:

For prolonged or repeated exposures, use impervious gloves. If handling hot material, use insulated protective gloves.

Eye/Face Protection:

Eye protection is not required under conditions of normal use. If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes, wear plastic face shield of splash-proof safety goggles.

Skin Protection:

No skin protection is required for single, short duration exposures. For prolonged ot repeated exposures, use impervious clothing (boots, aprons, etc.) over parts of the body subject to exposure. If handling hot material, use insulated protective clothing (boots, aprons, etc.) Launder soiled clothes. Properly dispose of contaminated leather articles including shoes, which cannot be decontaminated.

General Hygiene Considerations:

Consumption of food and beverage should be avoided in work areas where hydrocarbons are present. Always wash hands and face with soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking.

Other Protective Equipment:

No information available.



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PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERT	
RODUCT:	Triple Antibiotic Ointment
eneral Information:	
Appearance	Off-white lustrous ointment
Odor	Odorless
nportant Health, Safety, and Environment	al Information:
Boiling Point	650°F (343.3 C)
Melting Point	125-130°F (51.7 – 54.4°C)
Flash Point	Higher than 93.3°C (200°C)
Explosive Properties	No information available.
Oxidizing Properties	No information available.
Specific Gravity $(H_2O = 1)$	0.86 – 0.87
Water Solubility	Insoluble in water
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water)	No information available.
Viscosity	No information available.
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	No information available.
Vapor Density (Air = 1)	No information available.
Evaporation Rate	No information available.
% Volatile (By Volume @ 68°F)	No information available.

STABILITY & REACTIVITY – SECTION 10
Stability:
Stable.
Conditions to avoid:
Heat, sparks, and flames.
Materials to avoid:
May react with strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:
-
Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and other oxides may be generated as products of
combustion.
<u>Hazardous Polymerization</u> :
Will not occur.



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TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION – SECTION 11				
Type of Test	Route of Exposure	<u>Effects</u>	Species Observed	Dose Data
No information available.				

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION – SECTION 12	
Ecotoxicity:	
No information available.	
Mobility:	
No information available.	
Persistence and Degradability:	
No information available.	
Bio accumulative Potential:	
No information available.	

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION – SECTION 13

All disposals of this material must comply with federal, state, and local regulations.

TRANSPORT INFORMATION – SECTION 14		
DOT CLASSIFICATION:		
UN Number:		
Class:	Not Regulated for Domestic Transport. IATA CLASSIFICATION:	
Proper Shipping Name:		
Packing Group:		
Marine Pollutant:		
Other Information:		
Un Number:		
Class:	Not Regulated for International Air Transport.	
Proper Shipping Name:		
Packing Group:		
Marine Pollutant:		
Other Information:	1	



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IMDG CLASSIFICATION:		
Un Number:		
Class:		
Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated for International Water Transport.	
Packing Group:		
Marine Pollutant:		
Other Information:		

REGULATORY INFORMATION – SECTION 15		
<u>US REGULATIONS</u>		
ACGIH	Not Established	
CAA Section 112	Not Listed	
CERCLA	Not Listed	
IARC	Not Listed	
NTP	Not Listed	
OSHA	Not Established	
SARA Title III	Not Listed	
TSCA	Not Listed	
STATE REGULATIONS		
MA substance List	Not Listed	
NJ RTK Hazardous Substance List	Not Listed	
PA Hazardous Substance List	Not Listed	
Canadian WHMIS	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS	
Callaciali vy filviio	classification criteria.	

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